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36 BEDFORD ROW LONDON WC1R 4JH

+44 (0)207 297 4888

j.harrison@quaritch.com rarebooks@quaritch.com

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Front cover from no. 10 This page and rear cover from no. 28





### SILK AND SILVER

**I. [ALMANACK.]** London Almanack for the Year of Christ 1820. [London,] printed for the Company of Stationers, [1820].

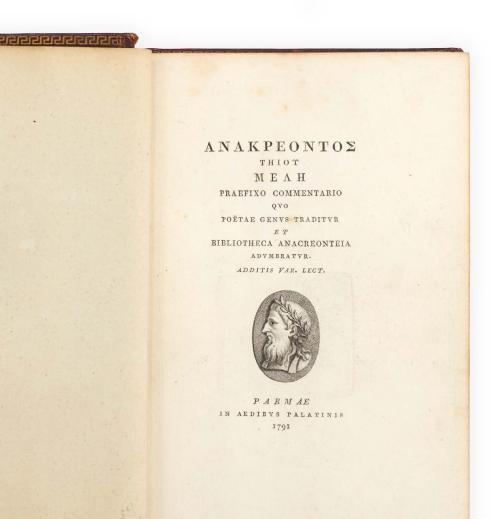
48mo? (54 x 32 mm), pp. [24]; engraved throughout, printed on one side only (doubtless on a single sheet) then cut into bifolia and pasted back-to-back to form a book of 13 ff. with the first recto and last verso blank (here pasted down); four-page view of the London Institution Moorfields, duty stamp to title-page; a very good copy in contemporary blue silk over boards with an outer case formed of 4 hinged silver filigree panels, the fourth panel a clasp at fore-edge, edges gilt; silk rubbed through at board-edges, somewhat sunned where exposed through the filigree, but an excellent example.

### An extraordinary binding of silver filigree over blue silk on a miniature London Almanack for 1820.

The miniature London Almanack was first produced in 1749 (surviving in a unique copy at the British Library) and appeared annually until at least 1823. It is typically found in delicate decorative bindings with morocco onlays and gold tooling in geometric patterns and a matching étui, produced as fashionable New Year's gifts. The present example, with an outer case of silver filigree to a scrolled foliate design over pale blue silk, was no doubt produced for the highest échelon of the same market. It is notable, however, that bindings of this quality were almost certainly less ephemeral than their contents: it is likely intentional that the silver case could very easily be removed and transferred onto the next year's almanack.









### 'MORE ELEGANT AND EXQUISITELY FINISHED PRODUCTIONS CANNOT BE CONCEIVED'

**2. ANACREON.** [Odaria.] Ανακρεοντος τηιου μελη praefixo commentario quo poëtae genus traditur et bibliotheca Anacreonteia adumbratur. Additis var. lect. *Parma*, [Bodoni] 'in aedibus Palatinis', 1791.

Small 8vo in 4s, pp. [iv], cxviii, [2], 111, [1]; printed in capitals throughout, with an engraved medallion portrait of Anacreon on the title-page and one of the dedicatee on the following leaf; thick paper (watermark: a cross on a mound with the initials FP); some occasional marginal foxing, but a very good copy in early red straight-grained morocco, gilt, by Kalthoeber, with his orange ticket, gilt edges, doublures gilt with Greek-key border, front cover with later central gilt stamp of James Elwin Millard (1823–1894), armorial bookplate of the barrister Henry Pilkington (1787–1859), booklabel of the French bookbinder and bookseller Léon Gruel (1841–1923).

Thick paper copy, apparently one of 12 copies from an edition of 212. This attractive edition of Anacreon's *Odaria* was edited by G.C. Amaduzzi and printed by Bodoni. 'The editions of 1785 and 1791 are printed in capital letters, and more elegant and exquisitely finished productions cannot be conceived' (Dibdin). Bodoni printed two editions of Anacreon in 1791, this and another in 16mo from a different setting of type. It is sometimes found on large paper, imposed as a quarto.

In 1791 Giambattista Bodoni was offered his own private press by the Duke of Parma to counter an offer from Nicolas de Azára (dedicatee of this work), who had hoped to lure him to Rome; he remained in Parma, producing much of his greatest work in the decade that followed.

James Elwin Millard (1823–1894) was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford, where he became a fellow in 1853; he was Master of Madgalen School 1846–64.

Brooks 422; Dibdin, Greek and Latin Classics (1827) I, p. 265.

### **GOLDEN NOTES**

**3. ANTIPHONAL.** Leaf with neumes, containing music for the blessing of the Paschal Candle on Holy Saturday. Southern Germany or Bohemia, mid-fifteenth century.

A complete folio leaf (388 x 287 mm; text area 297 x 205 mm), ten lines written in red ink in a gothic liturgical script, ruled in red ink, diamond-shaped musical notation entirely in burnished gold outlined in dark brown ink on ten four-line red staves, large illuminated initial 'E' (Exultet iam angelica, 78 x 74 mm) of blue leafy design set against a quadrangular panel of burnished and shell gold framed in pink and enclosing two leafy x-shaped motifs in green, border extension of green foliage enclosing burnished gold bezants, smaller initials in green ink, green ink dividers indicating the relationship of the notes to the words, extensive penwork flourishing in green ink in lower margin of recto and in both upper and lower margins of verso, penwork flourishing in brown ink along inner and outer margins of both recto and verso, rubrics; some light soiling and smudging but generally in excellent condition.

An unusual and striking antiphonal leaf written entirely in red and notated entirely in burnished gold, signalling the importance of the text for Holy Saturday.

The Exultet or Exsultet, also known as the praeconium paschale, is a hymn of praise sung by the deacon in celebration of the Resurrection after the Lumen Christi procession has entered the church for the solemn service of the Easter Vigil. It is sung in connection with the blessing and offering of the Paschal Candle, the light of which symbolizes the glory of the risen Christ. The burnished gold notes here may thus have served a practical as well as a symbolic and sacramental purpose, remaining visible to the deacon in the semi-darkness of the church.



it to autin som synt:

### THE LIGHT OF ASIA

mad 1853

### THE GREAT RENUNCIATION (MAHÂBHINISHKRAMANA).

BEING

THE LIFE AND TEACHING OF GAUTAMA,

PRINCE OF INDIA AND FOUNDER OF BUDDHISM

(As Told in Berse by an Endian Buddhist).

BY

#### EDWIN ARNOLD, M.A., F.R.G.S.,

COMPANION OF THE STAR OF INDIA;

THIRD CLASS OF THE IMPERIAL ORDER OF THE MEDJIDIE; HONORARY MEMBER OF THE SOCIETE DE GEOGRAPHIE, MARSEILLES; FORMERLY PRINCIPAL OF THE DECCAN COLLEGE, POONA, AND FELLOW OF THE UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

Author of "The History of Lord Dalhousie's Administration,"
"Griselda and other Poems," "The Eulerpe of Herodotus,"
"The Book of Good Counsels," from the Sanskrit "Hitopadesa," "The Poets of Greece,"
"The Indian Song of Songs," &c. &c.

LONDON:

TRÜBNER & CO., LUDGATE HILL.

1879.

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#### PRESENTATION COPY

**4. ARNOLD, Edwin.** The Light of Asia or the great Renunciation ... being the Life and teaching of Gautama, Prince of India and founder of Buddhism ... London, Trübner & Co., 1879.

8vo, pp. xiii, [3], 238, with a half-title; a very good copy in contemporary half brown morocco, rubbed; presentation inscription to title 'J. J. Garth Wilkinson with the author's warm regards: March 1883', and with a two page autograph letter to Wilkinson of 8 March tipped in; marginal markings in pencil and a *finis* note by Wilkinson, further inscribed by him in 1891 to his daughter and son-in-law Frank and Mary J. Mathews; later bookplate of Louise E. Goodman.

First edition, a presentation copy, of one of the first successful attempts to popularize Buddhist thought in the West, freely adapted by Arnold from the Lalitavistara Sutra.

It was a spectacular bestseller, selling up to a million copies, and among its early readers was Mahatma Gandhi; in his letter to Wilkinson here Arnold explains 'My Buddhist epic has passed through I I editions here and thirty or forty in America; but I think you will prefer to have a copy of the editio princeps, even in paper'.

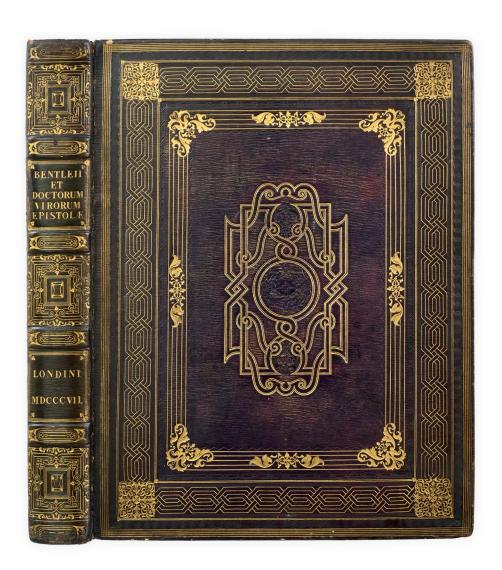
The recipient of this copy was the homeopath, spiritualist, vegetarian, editor of William Blake, and Swedenborgian, James John Garth Wilkinson (1812–1899), whose work was admired by Emerson, Froude, and Carlyle. Wilkinson and Arnold served together on the Dialectical Society's committee on Spiritualism. Swedenborg had been called the 'Buddha of the North' by Balzac in the 1830s and Wilkinson seems to have greatly appreciated *The Light of Asia*. Presented with it on 8 March 1883, he had finished it by 10.35pm on Easter Sunday (25 March), as his note states, and later passed it to his daughter.

15. Haroldstone Road Cromwell Road March 8th

Dear D? Sarth weekinson.

I send you a copy of the first edition of my light of lisies" in thanks for the Vol. which you are good enough to give me this morning, and which I have reach with the greatest pleasure. Iny

Buddhet Epie has passe Through 11 editions here and thirty or forty an Cumerica, but I think you well prefer to have a Copy of the editio princeps, som in paper. I cannot tele you What pleasure was fiven me by the friendly hear of tuesday evening. loer of very lucere Edwin Arnold



# PRESENTED BY CHARLES BURNEY OWNED BY JOHN SPARROW

**5. BENTLEY, Richard, et al.; [Charles BURNEY, editor].** Richardi Bentleii et doctorum virorum epistolae, partim mutuae. Accedit Richardi Dawesii ad Joannem Taylorum epistola singularis. *London, William Bulmer, 1807*.

Large 4to, pp. [4], 330, [1], [3, blank]; 4 engraved plates (portraits of Bentley and Graevius and facsimiles of one letter from each to the other); occasional very light foxing (heavier to plates), a few minor stains, title-leaf partly detached; otherwise an excellent copy in contemporary straight-grained purple morocco, covers elaborately panelled in gilt and blind with three concentric frames and an arabesque centrepiece, spine gilt in five compartments between flat bands with title and imprint lettered direct, turn-ins broad and elaborately gilt, morocco joints, pink endpapers, edges gilt; a handful of minor scuffs, joints a little creased, front hinge partly broken; editor's letterpress presentation slip tipped in between front flyleaves, editor's engraved presentation slip with presentee in manuscript ('For The Rev.d Rob. Nares. British Museum') pasted to front flyleaf (see below), early reader's notes in ink and later booksellers' notes in pencil to front flyleaf, a few notes and corrections in pencil to margins, booklabel of John Sparrow to front pastedown.

First edition of the correspondence of Richard Bentley, a large paper copy splendidly bound and presented by Charles Burney to the British Museum's Keeper of Manuscripts, with attractive later provenance.

Called by Housman 'the greatest scholar that England or perhaps that Europe ever bred' (p. 25), Bentley (1662–1742) made extensive contributions to textual criticism and classical philology, compiling many editions and discovering *inter alia* the Homeric digamma. Much of his work was expressed in correspondence both private and public, e.g. his *Letter to Mill* (1691) on John Malalas and his *Dissertation upon the Epistles of Phalaris* (1697) addressed to William Wotton. The present edition was the first to collect his letters and includes correspondence between Bentley and men such as Pieter Burmann, Samuel Clarke, J.G. Graevius, Jean Le Clerc, and Sir Hans Sloane.

Edited by the musician and music historian Charles Burney, the collection was published for private distribution in a run of 100 or 150 copies on large paper (cf. Bartholomew and Lowndes with Brunet) and 50 on small paper. Our copy was presented by Burney – with two presentation slips, one with a handwritten address and both now tipped in – to Robert Nares (1753–1829), Keeper of Manuscripts at the British Museum and son of the composer James Nares.

Clergyman and philologist, the younger Nares was appointed Keeper in 1799 and edited the third volume of the *Catalogue of the Harleian Manuscripts*. 'Of Nares's numerous publications two have retained the significance which his contemporaries attributed to them.... His *Glossary* (1822) is a vade-mecum for readers of Elizabethan literature, the aim being to provide explanations of particular "words, phrases, names and allusions to customs, proverbs, etc" that might be encountered, especially in the writings of Shakespeare ...

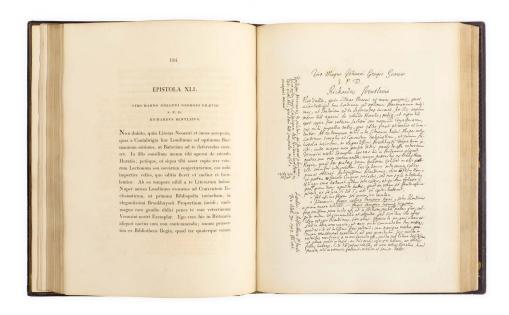
'His Elements of Orthoepy, the origins of which may owe something to his father's interest in the teaching of singing (about 1780 his father published A Treatise on Singing), was published in 1784' (ODNB). It may have been through this musical connection that Burney was acquainted with the younger Nares; indeed he had described the latter's father in his General History of Music (1776–89) as 'a studious and sound musician' whose compositions and teaching at the Chapel Royal 'acquired him great respect' (vol. III, p. 622).

One of the slips alludes to certain 'negotiis familiaribus' that had prevented Burney from finishing the work, promising that 'notae cum indicibus' would follow shortly. This likely refers to the stroke suffered by Burney (now in his eighty-second year) in 1807 that paralysed his left arm. Though he survived (in poor health) another seven years, no notes or indices seem to have been published for this edition – an index (but no notes) appears in the second (Leipzig, 1825) – and the leaf titled 'notae' is here followed only by blanks, as in all copies known to Bartholomew.

Later provenance: John Sparrow (1906–1992), lawyer, bibliophile, and Warden of All Souls College, Oxford. Famous as a collector (particularly of association copies) and patron of the Oxford Society of Bibliophiles, Sparrow was also something of a Latinist, publishing the eight-volume *Lapidaria* (1943–75) on Latin inscriptions and an anthology, *Renaissance Latin Verse* (1979). His only bibliography (co-authored with John Carter) was of Housman (1940, rev. 1952), whose academic hero had been Bentley.

Bartholomew 279; Brunet I, col. 778 ('très-bien exécuté'); Lowndes I, p. 158. See Burney, A general History of Music (1776–89); Housman, Introductory Lecture delivered before the Faculties of Arts and Laws and of Science in University College London, October 3, 1892 (1937).





### IN A SPANISH PLATERESCA BINDING

**6. BERNARD of Clairvaux.** Opera omnia, tam quae vere germana illius esse nemo inficias eat, quam quae spuria & supposititia (quanquam non dissimilis pietatis) plerisque videre possunt, diligentissime recognita ac emendata ... *Paris*, [*Nicolas Bruslé for*] *Sébastien Nivelle*, [1571–]1572.

Large folio, ff. [viii], '410' (recte 416), 71, [107]; large woodcut Nivelle device with 5 vignettes to title, large woodcut initials and headpieces; sporadic light marginal dampstaining particularly to upper and outer margins of last few leaves, small wormhole in the inner margin of approx. 100 ff. (not affecting text), a few scattered light spots including an inked fingerprint to f. 397°, but overall an excellent copy; bound in contemporary Spanish plateresca calf over wooden boards, richly tooled in blind to a panel design with five concentric panels comprised of two portrait medallion rolls, central tool of a pelican in its piety, spine blind-tooled in compartments, cross-hatched at head and foot, vestigial clasps to fore-edge, (later?) brass edging to corners, edges stained red, fore-edges elaborately lettered 'Opera' (within cartouche) and 'Divi Bernardi' in ink with floral decoration, sewn on 5 split tawed thongs laced in, spine lined with manuscript waste; lightly rubbed in places with a few scuffs, short splits to joints, endcaps and headband lost.

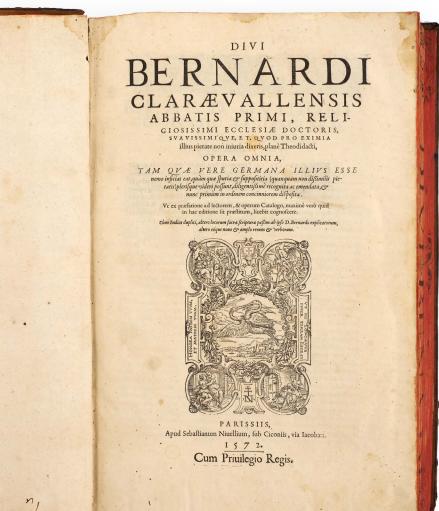
A rare Parisian edition of the works of Bernard of Clairvaux, beautifully preserved in a contemporary Spanish *plateresca* binding with elaborate foreedge lettering.

The binding is a characteristic and characterful example of the Spanish *plateresca* style. Beyond the attractive decoration of the fore-edge, it is striking both for its complex panel design of concentric polygons and for the construction of hatched fields by the repeated use of a small four-pointed star tool. For another use of the larger portrait medallion roll and one of the hand-tools, in a more restrained panel design, see Library of Congress 2021666855 (a volume of the Complutensian Polyglot Bible, 1514).

Rare outside Europe, with no copies traced in the US; we find only two copies in the UK (CUL and York Minster), one in Canada (University of Victoria), and one at the National Library of Australia.

Adams B-711.







#### PRESENTED BY THE AUTHOR

**7. BIANCHINI, Giuseppe.** Enarratio pseudo-Athanasiana in symbolum ante hac inedita, et Vigilii Tapsitani de Trinitate ad Theophilum liber VI nunc primum genuinus ... Accedit symbolum Nicaenum, cum Symmachi papae vita ... *Verona, Pierantonio Berno, 1732*.

4to, pp. [xiv], 108, with copper-engraved frontispiece, and engraved facsimile of 4 lines of manuscript facing p. I; copper-engraved arms to title, woodcut initials and head-and tailpieces; a few light marks; a very good copy, uncut in contemporary *carta rustica*, spine neatly lettered in ink; inscription to recto of frontispiece 'Joannis Zanetti / Ex dono Caris:mi Auctoris' with a similar inscription at foot of verso.

First edition, presented by the author, of this scarce work on the Apostles' Creed by the Veronese Oratorian, Biblical and liturgical scholar, and librarian Giuseppe Bianchini (1704–1764), with a delightful frontispiece depicting the city of Verona.

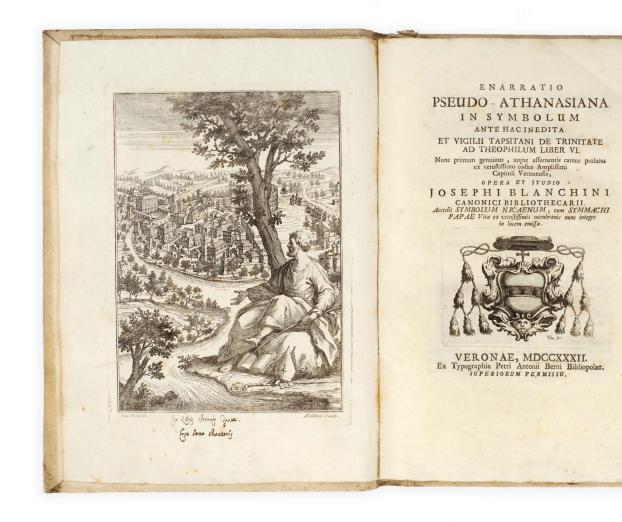
Admired for his learning by Clement XII and Benedict XIV, Bianchini here edits the text of a Latin commentary on the Apostles' Creed, attributed to St Athanasius, from an early manuscript in the Biblioteca Capitolare at Verona. He prefaces the text with an essay on its authorship, and appends extensive notes culminating with a table presenting the text of four different versions of the Creed in Latin.

Two further texts follow, edited from the same manuscript: a work on the Trinity attributed to the fifth-century bishop Vigilius of Thapsus, and a Latin biography of the fifth/sixth-century Pope Symmachus. Bianchini dedicates the work to Cardinal Angelo Maria Querini (1680–1755), who served as Librarian at the Vatican from 1730 to 1755.

The splendid frontispiece by Ludovico Perini depicts the fourth-century bishop Zeno of Verona fishing at a bend in the River Adige, his arm outstretched towards the city behind him. The cityscape includes its famous amphitheatre, the Arena.

Provenance: given by the author to one Giovanni Zanetti, possibly the Paduan doctor of this name who served as professor of medicine at the University of Pisa.

OCLC records two copies in the US (Columbia and Rice) and three in the UK (Bodley, CUL, and Durham).





### THE SYMBOL OF ST LUKE

**8. BOOK OF HOURS.** Leaf with Luke 1:26–35. Northern France, c. 1475.

Complete vellum leaf (c. 175 x 125 mm), single columns of 16 lines of Latin text written in black ink in a slightly slanted gothic hand, ruled with ink, recto with five-line miniature of the winged ox of St Luke in shades of brown with a white scroll bearing the legend 'S. luc[a]s euua[nge]lista' within a gilt and blue border, gilt one-line initial 'l' (*In illo tempore*) on blue and pink ground patterned in white, and with handsome border decoration comprising a pink and blue bar, acanthus leaves in gilt and blue, pink and blue flowers with green leaves, and sprays with gilt leaves and dots, the verso without decoration; slight cockling at head, some discolouring to inner edge, some rubbing to text especially to verso.

A very attractive leaf from a late fifteenth-century French Book of Hours with a nice miniature of the winged ox of St Luke marking the opening of a reading from his gospel.

The text narrates the Annunciation: 'In that time the angel Gabriel was sent from God into a city of Galilee, called Nazareth, to a virgin espoused to a man whose name was Joseph, and the virgin's name was Mary. And the angel being come in, said unto her: Hail Mary, full of grace, the Lord is with thee, blessed art thou among women ... Fear not, Mary, for thou hast found grace with the Lord. Behold thou shalt conceive and bring forth a son, and thou shalt call his name Jesus ...'.

## CELEBRATING THE CONVERSION OF A JEW TO CATHOLICISM

**9. CALLINI, Bartolommeo.** Arrolandosi sotto le insegne di Gesù Cristo col prender l'acqua del santo battesimo nell'insigne cattedrale di Vicenza, il signor Marco Mortera ebreo che prende il nome di Arnaldo Niccolò Tornievo, sonetto presentato al nobile D. Bartolommeo Callini degli Olivetani, lettore di sacra teologia e zelantissimo catechista del neofito. *Vicenza, Tipografia Paroni, 1802*.

Folio broadsheet (c.  $380 \times 270$  mm); at some point folded in four; a beautiful, clean copy, excellently preserved.

A seemingly unrecorded sonnet celebrating the conversion from Judaism to Catholicism of one Marco Mortera of Vicenza, written by his catechist, the Olivetan monk and lecturer in theology Bartolommeo Callini.

Mortera, who in renouncing Judaism took the Christian name of Arnaldo Niccolò Tornievo, was led through his process of conversion and catechised by Callini before being baptised at Vicenza cathedral. Jewish conversions to Catholicism were not uncommon, although often the result of coercion or pressure by the surrounding Christian community, but any non-official or secular documents recording them are very rare.

We have been unable to locate another copy of this broadsheet, nor any further information about Mortera or Callini, although the former was perhaps a relative of the Rabbi Marco Mortara, doctor of Jewish theology and alumnus of the Rabbinical Institute of Padova, whose *Dell'autenticità del Pentateuco* was published there in 1843.

We find a copy of another poem, by Count Giacomo Tornieri, on the occasion of Mortera's conversion (Al reverendissimo Monsignor Canonico Co. Giuseppe Squarzi nel solenne battesimo del Signor Marco Mortera ebreo), likewise published in Vicenza by Paroni in the same year, extant in a single copy, at the Biblioteca Civica Bertoliana in Vicenza.

We find no copies of the present work on OCLC, Library Hub, or ICCU.

ARROLANDOSI SOTTO LE INSEGNE DI GESU' CRISTO
COL PRENDER L'ACQUA DEL SANTO BATTESIMO
NELL'INSIGNE CATTEDRALE DI VICENZA
IL SIGNOR

### MARCO MORTERA EBREO

CHE PRENDE IL NOME

DI ARNALDO NICCOLO' TORNIEVO

SONETTO

PRESENTATO AL NOBILE

D. BARTOLOMMEO CALLINI DEGLI OLIVETANI

LETTORE DI SACRA TEOLOGIA

E ZELANTISSIMO CATECHISTA DEL NEOFITO



Alma Religion de' nostri Cori Conforto e gioja, che su d' alto Monte Visibile ad ognun ergi tua fronte, Per suscitar novelle fiamme e ardori:

S' or t'allegri, hai ragion, che i lunghi errori Sgombrasti omai con tue chiarezze conte In Ebreo Spirto, e gli altrui scherni ed onte Compensi in nuove palme, e nuovi allori.

Oh come bene i sentimenti tuoi Di Lui, che scorse il Circonciso rude Brillano espressi in questo di sul volto!

Guardalo il buon Ministro, e fia di poi In quel viso di zelo, e di virtude Il tuo Trionfo, o Religion, raccolto.



In verace segno di amicizia e congratulazione B. C.

Vicenza Mdcccii Tipografia Paroni



### POCKET PLAN AND THE PENNY POST

10. CARY, John. Cary's New Pocket Plan of London, Westminster and Southwark; with all the adjacent Buildings in St. George's Fields &c. &c. to which are annexed from Authority the exact Boundary of the Rules of the King's Bench Prison; the Situation of the Receiving Houses of the General & Penny Post Offices; References to the Public Buildings &c. also a Correct List upwards of 350 Hackney Coach Fares. London, 'printed for J. Cary, Engraver, Map & Printseller, No 181, Strand', 1 January 1800.

Copper-engraved map (c. 411 x 610 mm), dissected in 18 sections and laid on linen; partially hand-coloured; a few light stains, but a very good copy; in the original slipcase with printed title and advertisement, very worn.

Cary's folding pocket map of London, from Hyde Park and Chelsea in the West to Bethnal Green and Rotherhithe in the East, showing the development of London's communications network.

John Cary (c. 1754–1835) first published his New Pocket Plan in 1794, the same year he was appointed as Surveyor of Roads by the General Post Office, and his Plan lists both the forty-seven General Post Office receiving houses and the 136 Penny Post receiving houses, as well as an extensive table of standardised fares for Hackney carriages, ranging from Is (e.g. Charing Cross to Bloomsbury Square) to 6/6 for journeys to Greenwich. The map remained in use well into the nineteenth century and was re-engraved several times, with changes here showing the development of London in 1800.

Perhaps the most influential map publisher of the late eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries, Cary's work is regarded as 'a considerable advance ... in cartography as both a science and an art' (Fordham, p. 439).

See Fordham, 'The Work of John Cary's and His Successors' in *The Geographical Journal* 63, No. 5 (1924), pp. 438–440.



### PRESERVING JERUSALEM'S HOLY PLACES

II. [CONFRATERNITY OF THE HOLY PLACES OF JERUSALEM.] Figliolanza e recezione alla Confraternita de' Santi Luoghi di Gerusalemme. F. Gesualdo di Castelbasso ... Commissario Generale di Terra Santa in questo regno di Napoli ... Naples, per Nicola Flauto impressore di Terrasanta, 180[?].

Broadside (c. 415 x 305 mm), 162 lines of text, large central woodcut (c. 240 x 160 mm) of the holy places of Jerusalem, woodcut arms of the Franciscans and of the Kingdom of Jerusalem, blank spaces at end of text for completion in manuscript; central horizontal crease from folding, two small pinholes at head and foot; very good. £350\*

Rare broadside issued by the Neapolitan 'Confraternity of the Holy Places of Jerusalem', with a striking central woodcut illustrating seventeen sites associated with Christ's Passion.

The text - signed by Fra Gesualdo de Angelis di Castelbasso - describes the plight of the two hundred or so Franciscans in various convents across the region shouldering the burden of preserving the holy sites of lerusalem against the 'Turkish barbarians', in the face of 'constant hardships and mistreatments', while 'living in continuous fear'. It pleads for charitable donations to help their cause, asking who could possibly be so hard of heart as to refuse alms to those so gravely in need. Prelates and priests are encouraged to assiduously collect donations at least twice a year. Blank spaces are left at the end of the text to record the name of a donor, the sum they were willing to give annually, and the date.

The central woodcut shows, in the foreground, four Franciscans shouldering crosses in imitation of Christ, with numerous holy sites in the background, explained in an accompanying key: from the scene of the flagellation, to Pilate's palace, to the house of Veronica, to the place where the Virgin Mary stood at the Crucifixion, to the site of Christ's entombment and resurrection. Some are described as being in the power of the Turks', others as 'in our power'.

No copies traced in the UK, and only three in the US (Southern Methodist University, University of Pennsylvania, University of Wisconsin).

FIGLIOLANZA E RECEZIONE ALLA CONFRATERNITA DE'SANTI LUOGHI DI GERUSALEMME

F. Genaldo di Castelbasso dell' Alma Osservante Provincia dell'Aguila, Missionario Apgllolico, gil Paroco di Gerusalemme, nei Regni di Galilea, Montelibano, Siria, Gero, ed Egitto, Commissario Visitatore; nel Colleg, del Gran Cairo, e delle Missioni di Episto, Vice Prefesto; Lettor Giobilato, per Prevantale, e Cafade; Prevantato; e Commissario Generale, di Terra Santa in quello Pego di Napoli:

Contro i Tuoni, Saette, e Terremoti . Per Signum 🛠 Crucis, de Inimicis nostris 🔆 libera nos 🛠 Deus noster-S. Deus 🛠 S. Fortis 🍕 S. & Immortalis , 🤻 miserere nob s.



B. Palazzo di Pilato, dove si v le il Pretorio , ed il luogo di Gasata; cioè il Tribunale , nel qual Gesù Cristo fu sentenziato a morte ome pure in una franza a vede il luogo, dove fu coronato i spine. Oggi vi risiede il Bascid na è permessa l'adorazione.

C. Scala, che porta alla Casa di llato, trè volte salita, e trè vol-e discesa da G. Cristo, oggi vi si ri trasferiti in Roma, detta or a Seala Santa, per la quale s ascende a venerar la Cappella, chia mata Santa Santtorum, nella Piaz a di S. Giovanni in Laterano.

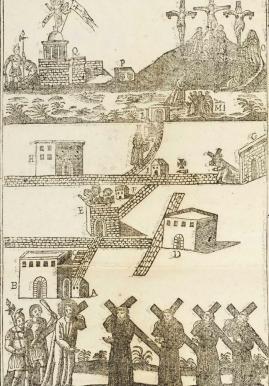
D. Palazzo di Erode, dove Ge Criffo fil veftito di vefte bianca e trattato da pazzo, solo vi si adora

E. Arco di Pilato, o vero Los-cia del suo Palazzo, dove G. C. fu lag-llato, coronato di spine, e nostrato al popolo da Pilato, uando disse: Ecce Homo. Esifle, vi si adora .

F. Luogo, dove ( per fuggir la lca del popolo ) si porto la antissima Vergine per incontra

Luogo, dove cadde G. Cristo otto la Croce, oppresso dal gra-issimo peso della medesima. Vi vi si adora







Villa, e prese la Croce di Cri

H. Palazzo dell'Epulone, il ric dell' Evangelo. Esifle , come si

dello stesso Evangelo. Esiste

K. Casa di Veronica . da cui uscì Santa, e con un velo rascingo il-olto di Gesù Crifto dal sudore, e lal sangue. Es:fte con una colnetta per terra, e vissi adora.

L. Porta Giudiziaria, da cui sci G. C. fuori di Città per andere 1 Calvario, dove si leggevanoma Colonna in piedi , e vi si

M. Luogo , dove G. C. incon tro le Donne Ebree, alle quali vi-volto; disse, Filis Jerusalem, nolite flere super me, sed super vos, & super filios vestros. Esi-

N Monte Calvario , dove G. C. fà Crocefisso in mezzo à due La droni . Esifte con un gran Tempio, è tutto in noftro potere.

O. Luogo, dove flava la Very. S. G. C., è in nuftro potere.

P. Luogo, dove fu unto W. S. G. C. deposto dalla Croce, è in

Q. Sepolero , e Resurrezione di N. S.G. C., ed è in nostro potere.



E Ssendo noto a tutti li Fedeli Cristiani, come i San-ti Luoghi di Gecusalemme, dove G. C. nostro Si-gnore sparse il suo preziosissimo Sangue per la uostra goore sparse i suo prezionissimo sangue per la uotita Redenzione, fianno soggetti, e dominiati dalli barbari Turchi, e che i Ridgioar del Serafico Padre S. Fran-cesco, tengono ivi Commenti, acciò Looghi col Sacri non sieno profanti, e disprezzati : anzi conservano con ogni culto, e venerazione le memoria della Passione. del nostro Sovrano Redentore G. C., con spese di ecducento in circa divisi in più Comonti, cioc, in Ge-3 Interceshirate? partecipando, gli ascritti alia suocetta given revalenme; S. Salvatore, ed il Santo Sepolero, vivo-5 confortaterità tutti cennati spritunti sufficio, sanche in no con continuo timore di non reflar vittime del bar-bor furore di gente el pertida. Nella Guidea; Bette-bienme, e. S. Gioscani in Montana. Nella Palefilina; y ne di detti Santi luophi, si xede dalle Bolte emante parte e Thoristle. Nella Siria; Aleppo, Scandarone, di Priumo VIII. — Alessandro IX. — Inacestica, Trivoli. Damasco, Silone, e Tolognatie, di Di Sonnua Pontecci, come sono Sifto, e Paolo V. — La Egisto, Gran Cairo. Alessandria, Rostetto, Menfi, y D. Benedesto XIII., e XIV. nella Bolta, Emanaturat e Damasca, In Cipro, Nicosia, ed Ariaca, Nell Moste Libano, Ariasa: ed in Collantinopoli, applicano agni e Ubbidienza a tutti il Prelati, Superiori, e Retteri & Libano, Ariasa: ed in Collantinopoli, applicano agni e Ubbidienza a tutti il Prelati, Superiori, e Retteri

giorno tutte le Messe lette, e Cantate per li Principi & delle Chiese, che due volte l'anno almeno ; Cioè, giorno tutte le Mese lette, a Cantate per li Principi delle Chiese, che due volte l'anno almeno; Cioè, Catolici, e per quelli, che sono ascritti a quella Consectione de l'accordo de l'acc del noftro Sovgano Redentore G. C., con spese dice. 

a "Benefattori del nottro Sovgano Redentore G. C., con spese dice. 

a "Benefattori del nottro Sovgano Redentore G. C., con spese dice. 

a "Benefattori del nottro Sovgano Redentore G. C., con spese dice. 

a continui travagli, e maltrattamenti, che patiscono i tenue limosina a si grave necessiti, si voglia privare 

Religiosi sudditti sotto il loro tranno dominimo e non gli attati deni Sprittuali, e attati Sarrifa; celebrari, e e Commissiono Generale di estri Sarri 

avendo esi altro rimedio, che il ricorso alla clemen
logobi flessi; consagrati col Sangue prezioso del noftro 

Lagdia in quefto (Regno di Nepoli, in virtà delle di 

a del noftro Avegufo Sarrano, ed alla curità del Pedeli. 

perciò i detti Religiori, ivi commoranti in numero di 

Santissima Madre Maria Vergine, noftra Avvocata, ed 

detti di diciaro per illendiatore del medesimi 

che voule per amor di Dio da 

che voule per am

dos partecipare de seffragi, e Sacrifici istenden de quefta Figliolanza, cio dal di del mese anno 180 nel quale giorno fi anche regi

questa Figliolanza, cioè dal di del mese anno 180 nel quale giorno si anche regi-strato nel libro di questa Commissione. In fede &c. Dato in Napeli dal nostro Ospizio di Terra Santa in Monte Calvario; Mese, ed Anno, come sopra.

Fra Gesualdo de Angelis di Cafielbasso, Commissario Generale di Terra Santa.

IN NAPOLI X PER NICOLA FLAUTO IMPRESSORE DI TERRASANTA, CON LICENZA DE'SUPERIORI.

#### ADDONATVM.

pure speciem in principatu, licentia potestatem, malorum blandientium virus occultum est, & arridentis nequitiæ facies quidem leta, sed calamitatis abstrusa illecebrosa fallacia i instar quoddam veneni, vbi in letales succos dulecdine aspersa, calliditate fallendi sapore medicato, poculum videtur esse quod sumitur: vbi epota res est, pernicies hausta grassatur. Quippe, illum vides, qui amictu clariore conspicuus, sulgere sibi videtur in purpura. Quibus hoc fordibus emit, vt fulgeat? quos arrogantium fastus prius pertulit?quas superbas fores matutinus salutator obsedit?quot tumentium contumeliofa vestigia, stipatus clientium cuneis ante precesfit, vt ipfum etiam falutatum, comes postmodum pompa præcederet, obnoxia non homini, sed potestati? Neque enim coli moribus meruit ille, fed fascibus. Horum denique videas exitus turpes : cum auceps temporum palpator abscessit, cum prinati latus nudum desertor assecla foedauerit: tune laceratæ domus plagæ conscientiam seriunt: tune rei samiliaris exhausta damna noscuntur, quibus redemptus fauor vulgi, & caducis atque inanibus votis popularis aura quæsita est. Stulta prorsus & vana jactura, frustrantis speciaculi voluptate id parare voluisse, quod nec populus acciperet, & perderet magistratus. Sed & quos diuites opinaris, continuantes faltibus faltus, & de confinio pauperibus exclusis, infinita ac fine terminis rura latius porrigentes: quibus argenti & auri maximum pondus, & pecuniarum ingétium vel extructi aggeres, vel defosse strues: hos etiam inter diuitias fuas trepidos cogitationis incertę follicitudo dif cruciat, ne prædo vastet, ne percussor infestet: ne inimica cuiusque locupletioris inuidia calumniofis litibus inquietet. Nó cibus fecuros fomeujections inuina cauminiois intions inquierectivo colosi fectivos fom-nífive contingit. Sulpira tille in conuciuo, bibat licet in genma: & cum epulis marcidum corpus, torus mollior alto finu condidit, vigilat in plu-ma. Necimtelligit miler, fipecio fafibi elle fupplicia: auro fe alligatum te-neri, & posideri magis quam posidatere diutiras. Arque ò dereftabilis ce-citas mentium, & cupiditatis infana profunda caligo. Cum exonerare fe possit & leuare ponderibus, pergit magis fortunis angentibus incubare, pergit pænalibus cumulis pertinaciter adhærere. Nulla in clientes inde largitio est: cum indigentibus nulla partitio: et pecuniam suam dicunt, quam velut alienam, domi clausam follicito labore custodiunt. Ex qua non amicis, no liberis quicquam, non sibi denique ipsis impertiunt. Posfident ad hoc tantum, ne possidere alteriliceat. Et ò nominum quanta diuersitas: bona appellant, ex quibus nullus illis, nisi adres malas vsus est. An tu vel illos putas, tutos illos saltem inter honorum infulas & opes largas, stabili firmitate securos, quos regalis aulæ splendore fulgentes, armorum excubantium tutela circunstat? Maior illis quam ceteris metus est:tamille timere cogitur, quam timetur. Exigit pænas pariter de potentiore, sublimitas. Sit licet satellitum manu septus, & clausum ac protectum latus numero fo ftipatore tucatur: quam fecuros non finit effe fub iectos, tam necesse est vi non sit& ipse securus. Ante ipso sterret potestas fua, quos facit esse etterribiles. Arridet, ve faujat: blanditur, ve fallat: illicit, vt occidat: extollit, vt deprimat. Fœnore quodam nocendi, quam fucrit amplior fumma dignitatis & honorum, tam maior exigitur vfura pœnarum. Vna igitur placida & fida tranquillitas. Vna folida, & firma, & perpetua fecuritas, si quis ab his inquietantis feculi turbinibus extractus falutaris portus statione fundatus, ad celú oculos tollità terris, & ad domini munus admiffus, ac deo fuo méte iam proximus, quicquid apud ce-teros in rebus humanis fublime ac magnum videtur, intra fuam iacere confcientiam gloriatur. Nihil appetere iam, nihil defiderare de feculo

### WITH INTERESTING MARGINALIA

**12. CYPRIAN.** D. Caecilii Cypriani episcopi Carthaginiensis, martyris Christi opera, quotquot perquirentibus reperire Dei munere concessum est, omnia ... Gul. Morellii typographi regii diligentia ac labore ... *Paris, Guillaume Des Bois, 1564.* 

Folio, pp. [48], 483, [37]; large woodcut device to title, engraved initials; some toning, occasional small marks, small wormtrack to lower margins of ff. 323–346, small marginal holes to last 3 leaves; overall a very good copy in contemporary calf, covers tooled in blind to a panel design with floral rolls, four raised bands to spine; extremities worn with old repairs to spine ends and corners, some splitting to joints, marks and rubbing to covers; marginal annotations in several hands (predominantly in one seventeenth-century hand) to c. 100 pp., small label to rear pastedown 'Ex-libris Werner De Meester'. £975

An attractive edition of the works of Cyprian (and indeed Pseudo-Cyprian) edited by the Parisian printer and scholar Guillaume Morel (d. 1564), with interesting marginalia.

A pagan rhetorician who converted to Christianity, Cyprian served as bishop of Carthage, where he was martyred in 258. 'Cyprian's writings, mainly short treatises and letters, enjoyed great popularity from the first. He had none of the brilliance of his predecessor, Tertullian, but his sober judgement and pastoral instincts gained him his hearing. Some of his works are also of theological importance, especially those dealing with the Church, the ministry, and the Sacraments' (Oxford Dictionary of the Christian Church). Included here, for example, are Cyprian's De Ecclesiae Unitate 'a treatise held in special esteem, on the nature of true unity in the Church in its relation to the episcopate' (ibid.), De Dominica Oratione (on the Lord's Prayer), and De Opere et Eleemosynis (on almsgiving as a means of obtaining grace).

Morel acted as printer to the Greek scholar Adrien Turnèbe (1512–1565) before becoming Royal Printer himself in 1555. This edition (with a dedication from Turnèbe to Charles IX of France) appeared in three issues, with the imprints of Guillaume Des Bois, as here, Sébastien Nivelle, and Claude Frémy.

The marginal annotations, by what appears to be a seventeenth-century reader, show a particular interest in Cyprian's epistle to his friend Donatus (written shortly after his own baptism), as well as in patience, virginity, clerical celibacy, Christ's nativity, fasting, the Last Supper, the washing of feet, and the Holy Spirit, among other topics.

USTC 198723. No copies traced in the US and only three in the UK (Aberdeen, Cambridge UL, Durham).

D. C ME CILII

# PRIANI copi Carthaginiensis, Mar

QVOTQVOT PERQVIRI munere concession mest, omnia: veterum exemplari urgata: & secundum sedulam illam doctorum k striam, libris non paucis recens è tenebris atques non inseliciter, vt speramus, aucta,

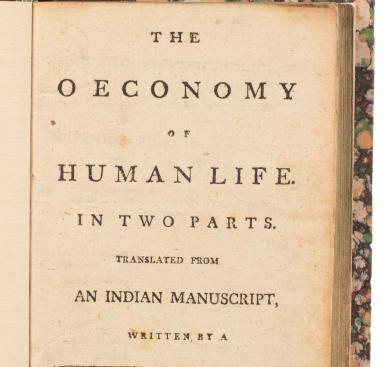
L. MORELLII TYPOGRAP Regij diligentia ac labore.

E RERVM LOCVPLETISSIMO, ET O bus tam varia lectionis, quàm aliorum quorundam maximò insignium sanò quàm non pænitendis.



PARISIIS, M. D. LXIIII. Gulielmum Desbois, sub Sole aureo via Iaco

M PRIVILEGIO REG



CHINESE PHILOSOPHER.

### RARE ISLE OF WIGHT IMPRINT

**13. [DODSLEY, Robert, et al.]** The Oeconomy of Human Life, in two parts, translated from an Indian manuscript, written by a Chinese philosopher. *Newport, J. Mallett, 1783.* 

8vo, pp. 141, [1]; some light uniform toning, but a very good copy in modern leather-backed boards with marbled sides, panelled spine tooled in blind, gilt green morocco lettering-piece. **£450** 

Rare printing, undertaken in Newport on the Isle of Wight by James Mallett. Only nine publications are listed in ESTC as Mallett, Newport: mostly occasional endeavours, undertaken in 1767, 1770, 1782, 1783 (two publications, including ours), 1784, and 1789 (three publications), and almost all consisting of ephemeral imprints or short works of local interest. This is by far the longest, and therefore the most financially risky, of all his editions.

The Oeconomy of Human Life presents itself as an English translation of an ancient Indian text found by a Chinese scholar in Lhasa, and is a collection of aphorisms on duties presented very much in the Enlightenment tradition of supposedly Oriental texts produced by European authors: Montesquieu's Lettres persanes (1721) and Oliver Goldsmith's Citizen of the World (1760–1761) being two notable examples. Almost certainly written by Robert Dodsley (1704–1764), and published first in 1750, the book became an eighteenth-century bestseller, and by the end of the century some two hundred editions had been published in England, Ireland, and America, and it had been translated into many European languages ranging from Latin, Welsh, and Gaelic to French, Italian, and Hungarian.

ESTC T82633 (two copies only, BL and Bodleian). OCLC finds a single copy, at the National Library of Scotland.

### A FIVE-HOUR GRILLING ON THE SEVEN SACRAMENTS

14. **GUILLON, Pierre.** Danti voci suae vocem virtutis. Quaestio theologica ... Has theses ... ac praeside, S.M.N.D.D. Ludovico Bellayer, doctore theologo, sacrae facultatis decano ... tueri conabitur Petrus Guillon, presbyter, dioecesis et urbis Pictaviensis, in sacra facultate baccalaureus formatus, die Jovis 22 mensis Novembris, anno domini 1770, a prima ad sextam. In scholis Opportunicis. Pro minore ordinaria. *Poitiers, Jean-Felix Faulcon,* [1770].

Single sheet (c.  $520 \times 400$  mm), at head a woodcut of Christ on the cross flanked by the Virgin and St John, below 85 lines of text, large woodcut initial S; four tiny wormholes, short tear to lower edge, a little light marginal dampstaining, creases from folding; overall very good. £275\*

An apparently unrecorded broadside giving the text of theological theses defended by Pierre Guillon of Poitiers for entry into minor orders. A bachelor of theology from the city's university, Guillon's gruelling five-hour examination took place on 22 November 1770 between one and six o'clock, in the church of St Opportuna, under the critical eye of Dr Louis Bellayer, dean of the theological faculty and rector of St Cibard's.

The subject of Guillon's examination was the seven sacraments, and the nine paragraphs composing the substantial text here printed discuss, respectively, their number, baptism, confirmation, the Eucharist, transubstantiation, penance, extreme unction, holy orders, and matrimony.

This broadside was issued by Jean-Felix Faulcon (1713–1782), who acted as printer to both the bishop and university of Poitiers, and who, from 1776, served as 'imprimeur du Roi'.

No copies traced on OCLC or CCfr.



# DANTI VOCI SUÆ VOCEM VIRTUTIS.

Quæ paravit in dulcedine sua Pauperi Deus & Psal. LXVII. V. 11.



A CRAMENTA nova Legis. Sacti funt ritus gratiam fignificantes, & abundi, non ponentibus obicem, ex opere operato, morali non phifico influxu, conferentes. Septem funt, non gratin ex opere (operato), morali non phifico influxu, conferentes. Septem funt, non gratin ex opere (obunmodo operatis producetant); ex excepta quidem ele ranguar expursar. Poders influentes, Moria inmediatà Norta inmediatà virtus longe inferiora : hec enium materità; verbis Conferentoriis, ex S. Augudi, non Promifionis, nec Concionatoriis, tanquam formati; 8 ministro, qui habere debet intentionem ficientis. Tarbus perficientur, rebus tanquam habet quicumque libere, ferò, debetinique in circumdinatinis ritum, quem fict ut fichem apud Chriffitanos haberi, interestino quad materiam & Grornam perficiente in principal debeti, etc., debetinique in circumdinatinis ritum, quem fict ut fichem apud Chriffitanos haberi, interestino quad materiam & Grornam perficiente in morali debeti interestino della della propriata di considerationa della dell

R ENAS CITUR homo ab Originali lue, & fulléquentibus, 6 quas fint, delidis, per BAPTISNUM jimam Sacramentum ab ipfo Chrifto anté Paffionem inflitutum. Illius materia remota, fola aquataris proxima, una triave ablutio, qua five immerfione, five algerfione, five inflorent fair, seriode det davaldintum Sacramenti non contradicunt SS. Cornel. Cyprian. Chriftof. Forma Graccorum, de Latinorum legitima, experiam trimi findlifime Timinitias perforam invocationem enuninas, etima ex S. Ambrod. Ab material seriode and Apololis disperfatum failet, a abrique fundamento diceretur, & ex plorum fairent production of the contradicular production o

ROBORATUR rentus au tunedam Filon per CONFIRMATION EM infilituam son in Cere. Meldenfi, sed ab jiso Christo, probabiliter eo tempore quod à Resurrectione ad Ascensionem essuaire. Non est Baptsian appetale, aut ordos Caremonia, sed verum & proprié désum nova Legis Sacratemum; attendantur Scrpt. & Tradit. Consentium Orientales. Non inficiati sunt Novatiani, Waldenses, Westerlander State Per de Consentium Christoph, Andrew C

AGINATUR anima fidelis carne & fanguine Chrifti in augustifilmo EUCHARISTLE Sacramento, quod pridiè mortis sue, id est mensis Ni/am lună decimă quartă exeune, indinuir Chriftus, celebra priva de more can careris Indaies, noisico patchase, lannes erço hypothesis Bernardi Lamy, Pauls Agr., Aloyt. Ferrandi, Bacher, Perron. Hardaini, Hujus Sacrament materia folius panis triticaus, azum et reministratură printe lete and control de la con

A LTERUM fiele nofte Caput Tronfublianisio ex S. Chrif. Geld. Theodore: Hereite comment Offandri impanatio, & Lutheri confufantiatio, Inanes Gallii, & Varignosis transformationes, ac Magnatic Apparentia. Qua ergò nodi folutio ? Diu adhuc, ni failor, intra accuna divina delivetet. In Eucharita totum Chrifil corpus vel extra ulum permanet. & piè adorandum fervatur, ac circumgeflatur. Illud Sagult. Quocannis feri debet ex pracepto Ecclefia, cui non faisfacti indignas. Frequente il solidore. Dipenishant diffin Diaconi. Adultis Communio necelliria, non infantibus, eriam ex S. Aumunionem non findicti immunitas à peccan lehalia i is foloim quo non enter affection un centraliza da faiture quotidiana aux intrequentifina. Ad frequentem consistential production accordant delivera privatualis magistris : etalvium ergò non abiolutum frequentioris communionis confilium. Licis, Circlifique non celebrariths un folos describeramium, eta de versum ac proprium "scarifictium de Melchidechjadumbratum", a Malachia premaniratum, quantificationem calicier, privaled imperatorium, & propriatorium. Vivis & defundits diversa razione prodei. Illius effentiam in mada reprefentationes Sacrificti Crucis, abstractiva productiones conficiential deliverationes conficiential del

EPARTUR imocentie Baptimalis jedura per PŒNITENTIAM Sacramentum à Baptimase ejufque memoria diftipflum ex Ipfa Montanitis. Novarianis, Wald. Wiclef. & Huff. lipfus materia circa manuelle procession de la constitución de la

EFICACIA abdulutionis forzmentalis, culpa & reatus gierrae penne remittutur ponitenti ; fed eflat reatus penne temporalis ; hine necessaria Satisfies o, qua in voto est essentialis, in evecutione verb repair unique integrans. Sacramenti, Alia publica, alera privata. Hac in Ecclesia semper squart eligi. Terrati S.S. Cyprian. Aug. Ambroot. Immoestr. Li co. Cassarias. Eligi. Non pour reaturation penticular medicala, non omai trattrabarur Ecclesia clavium substitution quandoque Canonica abduluto in articulo morris denegabrur, anaquam tamen, ex S. Aug., Sacramentalis, De Stristchionhas mothermore, penticular destruction of the control of the contro

Influtuum ad abhergendas peccati reliquias, & fantatem corports, cum expedit, rettutuendam. Materia, old unctio; torma, orano; summer tanunumono peccuo; summer tanunumono pec

Christ Traditio, non dimeteur Hieron. Lee Consusus majorinus Ciercias au Ectorias implemiume praecipa.

C sindlem von mo pagnan, conjuges quippé fimil de virgines B. Maria & S. Joheph. Martinonii ilighelum, fidelis, etiam abfens. Mareria, muruus contrahentium confonfias exerciis per verba ved alla figua de nia fimilianea inflitutioni Martimonii, perfection antiferir Socretos: non oblata; immo faste Concilium Tridentium. Effectus, eraia omnibus Martimonii officis integré & pie adimplendis, necediara. Folyga-conradicum officis, selectioni, perfectus antiferir de la conformationi perfectus per verba ved alla figua de nia fimilianea inflitutioni Martimonii, perfectioni, perfectus per verba ved alla figua de nia fimilianea inflitutioni Martimonii, perfectioni, perfectioni perfectus per verba ved alla figua de nia fimilianea inflitutioni Martimonii, perfectioni pe

Has Thefes , (Deo duce , & aufrice Dei-para, ) ac prafide , S. M. N. D. D. LUDOVICO BELLAYER, Doctore Theologo, Sacra Facultatis Decano , actu regente , tiemque Parochie Sancti Eparchii Rectore , tueri condutur PETRUS GUILLON, Presbyter , Diacefis & Urbis Pictaviensis , in Sacra Facultate Baccalaureus formatus , die Jorus 22 mensis Novembris , anno Domini 1770. à prima ad sextam.

# PRO MINORE ORDINARIA.

PICTAVII, Apud J. FELICEM FAULCON, Illustrissimi D. D. Episcopi, Cleri & Academiæ Typographum.

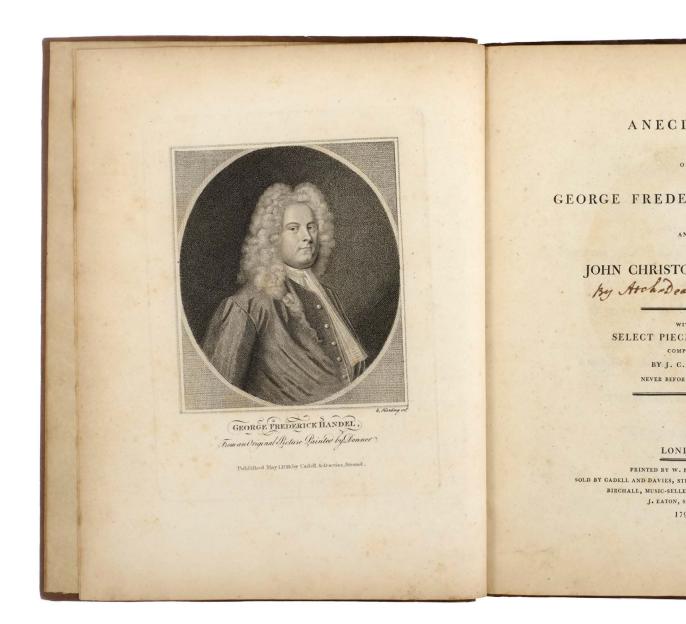
## WITH AN AUTOGRAPH LETTER OF THE ORGANIST JOHN STANLEY

**15. [HANDEL; COXE, William.]** Anecdotes of George Frederick Handel and John Christopher Smith. With select pieces of music, composed by J. C. Smith, never before published. *London, W. Bulmer and Co. for Cadell and Davies, 1799.* 

4to, pp. [8], iv, 64, 34 (engraved music) + 2 portraits (stipple engravings of Handel and J. C. Smith); occasional ink or pencil annotation to the music section; with an autograph letter of John Stanley (laid down on an inserted folio between pp. 50 and 51); nineteenth-century cloth, skilfully rebacked preserving the original spine, corners a little bumped. £650

First edition. The author of this volume was the stepson of John Christopher Smith (1712–1795) who had acted, along with his father (also J. C. Smith), as Handel's amanuensis; between them, during the composer's lifetime, they had organised concerts and rehearsals, copied music manuscripts and worked as general secretaries.

After Handel's death in 1759 the elder Smith inherited the autograph manuscripts, which he in turn gave to his son; J. C. Smith junior gave the collection to King George III in return for a handsome pension, and the great composer's manuscripts thus became part of the Royal Music Library and later the British Library. Smith junior became the first organist (1754–1770) at the Foundling Hospital where Handel was a governor. Handel had given the chapel its first instrument and it was here that the success of Messiah had become established; Smith continued to give charity performances of the oratorio after Handel's death. A new organ was erected in 1769 and at the opening performance the famous blind organist John Stanley (1712–1786) gave a concerto.



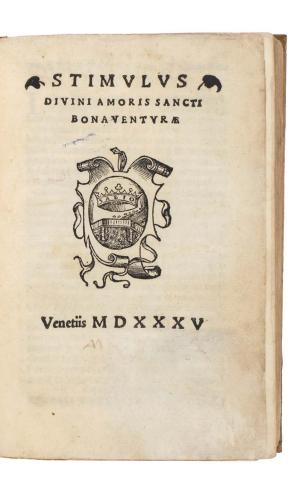
ried on the Oratorios in partner-Gno Confe fessional abilities, and estimable blind by the following circumstance:-he Gesterday to settle our plan for the Oratoris the enjoyaber potenties in wing se afon The first thing prolipary is to for that pherpose I monteley on with this to know the together it will be together by on and Convenient to come to town trist Links Ite beg the favour of an inswer as soones popiele, as we are to meet not Winday, & I hould be glad to in the occupation, his father placed him most rapid progress, and attained so great sen organist of the church of Allhallows, Settle our affair immediately. organist of St. Andrew's, Holborn, in preixteen, he was elected by the Honourable Nov. 26 17 by Humble Gervant d him a handsome income. He had great instructing, and his address, was always John Stanber ician; having been not only a neat, pleasnd agreeable composer, and an intelligent N. b. This letter was found amongst my father M. T. gaffan to be useful in this blank sheet. y on the Oratorios for fourteen years. At musical world, Stanley engaged with Mr. . A.V. Cope

Stanley was organist at St Andrew's Holborn (just down the road from the Foundling Hospital) and at the Temple Church, which Handel regularly visited in order to hear him perform. He held both positions until his death. He was married to Sarah Arlond (daughter of Captain Edward Arlond of the East India Company) and it was her sister Ann who acted as his music copyist and helped him learn new works. Stanley was much in demand to direct performances of Handel's oratorios and give opening recitals on new organs; he was elected as a governor at the Hospital in 1770 and directed the annual *Messiah* performances in 1775–77. He went into partnership with J. C. Smith in 1760 to continue the oratorio seasons at Covent Garden which had been established by Handel; during these seasons when the opera was forbidden, Stanley accompanied the performances and played a concerto during the interval.

The letter included here is from John Stanley to Joseph Corfe, dated 26 November 1767, and discusses Stanley's meeting with Smith about the following season's oratorio concerts; he writes to ask if Corfe will sing in the Lenten concerts. Joseph Corfe (1741–1820) was one of the principal tenors in the Handel Commemoration concerts at Westminster Abbey in 1784. The book has the ownership signature of Joseph's son Arthur Thomas Corfe (1773–1863) who followed his father as organist at Salisbury Cathedral from 1804 until his death.

Curiously the List of Subscribers (pp. i–iv) does not include any musicians of the period although several members of the Coxe family (and by marriage the Rivers family) are included as well as some prominent music sellers.

RISM B/VI/I p. 241.



#### DIVINE LOVE

**16. [JACOBUS MEDIOLANENSIS.]** Stimulus divini amoris Sancti Bonaventurae. *Venice*, *Stefano Nicolini da Sabbio*, *April 1535*.

Small 8vo, ff. 104; woodcut printer's device to title and last page, woodcut initials; a few light marks; very good in contemporary limp vellum, title inked in later hand to spine, remains of nineteenth-century spine labels; ties wanting, some marks, endpapers renewed; old inscription erased from title. £550

Rare edition of the Stimulus divini amoris, a popular medieval devotional treatise long attributed to St Bonaventure but in fact composed by the thirteenth-century Franciscan Giacomo da Milano.

The text comprises the so-called *Stimulus minor*, which was first published in Italian in Venice by Giovanni Antonio Nicolini da Sabbio and his brothers in 1521. It is divided into three parts, the first on Christ's Passion, the second on prayer, and the third on contemplation. Another version known as the *Stimulus maior*, an expanded version of Giacomo's text, also enjoyed wide circulation.

EDIT16 CNCE 32869; USTC 802726. Only one copy traced in the UK (Bodleian) and one in the US (Folger).

### PRODEMIVM SA VENTVRÆINS



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in cœlis, leuaui oculos meos: tiæ illustratus, claritatis tuæ lut sime requirens speciosissimū vultus tui. Solicitant me intin cita habeas. Quid autem mih ptabilius, g scire qualiter tante mulari? Ad tuum igif amoret inductus, zelo interno coactus diose quærere debeat: qualiter liter possit ad te accedere: & xibus : quibulda meditationil In quibus etsi diuersæ chorda tamen redacta, puris auribus f Quamuis enim diuersæ & plu uersis capitulis describantur: sonat, nisi persectio animi ad Si aliquid aliud inueneris pie rigas, & no rodas: quia maliti simplicitas. diuersum nag mo diversitate modi & materiæ,

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white attic which ran the length of the house, where the girls slept on fat striped mattresses; an ancient, plastercrumbling room whose sloping ceilings bulged like tentcloths. The roof was so thin that rain and bats filtered through, and you could hear a bird land on the tiles. Mother and Tony shared a bedroom below; Jack, Harold and I the other. But the house, since its building, had been so patched and parcelled that it was now almost impossible to get to one's room without first passing through someone else's. So each night saw a procession of pallid ghosts, sleepily seeking their beds, till the candle-snuffed darkness laid us out in rows, filed away in our allotted sheets, while snores and whistles

But our waking life, and our growing years, were for the most part spent in the kitchen, and until we married. or ran away, it was the common room we shared. Here we lived and fed in a family fug, not minding the little space, trod on each other like birds in a hole, elbowed our ways without spite, all talking at once or all silent at once. or crying against each other, but never I think feeling overcrowded, being as separate as notes in a scale.

shook the old house like a roundabout getting up steam.

That kitchen, worn by our boots and lives, was scruffy, warm and low, whose fuss of furniture seemed never the same but was shuffled around each day. A black grate crackled with coal and beech-twigs; towels toasted on the guard; the mantel was littered with fine old china, horse brasses and freak potatoes. On the floor were strips of muddy matting, the windows were choked with plants,

### THE AUTHOR'S MARKED COPY WITH INSERTED CORRESPONDENCE

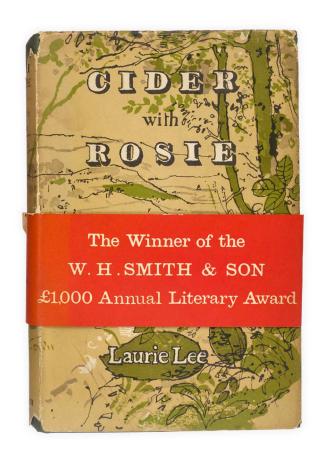
17. LEE, Laurie. Cider with Rosie ... with drawings by John Ward. London, Hogarth Press, 1959.

8vo, pp. [4, blank, preface], 280, [4, illustration, blank]; with illustrations printed in-text throughout (of which several full-page); publisher's green cloth-grained paper, spine lettered in gilt, with dustjacket and belly-band; jacket and band rather worn with losses to spine; with the author's pencil annotations to c. 12 pp., two loosely inserted placemarkers (of which one an invitation for 29 January 1960), front free endpaper signed in ink by Sybil Thorndike, Monica Sims, and Barbara F[?]ford, loosely inserted correspondence (see below). £1000

First edition, second impression, the author's copy with his pencil marks for public readings and loosely inserted correspondence including praise from Leonard Woolf.

Although Lee annotated several copies of Cider with Rosie, the present copy has evidently been marked for public readings: his pencil notes select passages, reorder and rearrange them, and make occasional changes to the text.

The signatures to the front endpaper may date to 1960, when Lee sat next to Lady Thorndike at the Foyle's Poetry Prize.



The correspondence comprises:

**WOOLF, Leonard.** Typed letter, dictated and signed on his behalf, 'Dear Laurie'. *London, 2 December 1958.* I p., 'I read your manuscript over the weekend and I must write to you at once to say how much I enjoyed it and how extraordinarily good I think it is. Recollections of childhood are so often boring, at least to me, but your book is the opposite of boring, it is intensely alive, real, and at the same time poetry.'

[SMALLWOOD, Norah?] Autograph postcard, initialled 'NS'. London, [franked 30 November 1959]. '987 today! HM the late QM. will have to look to her crown.'

**HORNBY, Michael.** Autograph letter, signed, to 'Mr. Lee'. *London, 11 November 1960.* 2 pp., regarding Lee's receipt of the W. H. Smith literary prize.

**SPENCER,T. C.** Typed letter with autograph addition, signed, to 'Mr. Lee'. *London*, 22 *November 1960*. I p., regarding the W. H. Smith literary prize.

**LANE, Allen.** Typed letter, signed, 'Dear Laurie Lee'. *Harmondsworth, 30 November 1961.* I p., thanking Lee and proposing meeting in the New Year.

**LANCASTER, Jim.** Autograph letter, signed, to 'Mr. Lee'. *Chorley, 24 October 1984.* 2 pp., regarding his attempts at writing, seeking Lee's advice, and enclosing the programme for an in-the-round performance of *Cider with Rosie* at the Octagon in Bolton.

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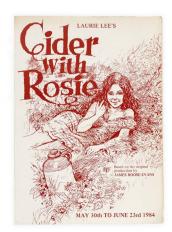
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#### COMMERCIAL CATECHISM

**18. LEGRET, G.P.** Rudiment de la comptabilité commerciale, à l'usage des jeunes gens qui se destinent au commerce, et de tous les négocians et marchands, tant en gros qu'en détail, manufacturiers, fabricans, artisans, etc., que le Code de Commerce assujétit à une tenue de livres régulière, et qui voudront l'apprendre d'eux-mêmes ... *Paris, Belin fils and le Prieur, 1811*.

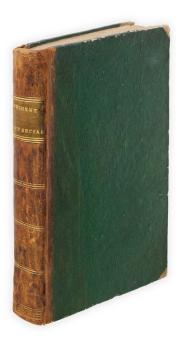
8vo, pp. xiv, 15–320; pp. 258 ff composed of tables; occasional spotting, but largely clean and fresh, with signature of author in ink on title-page; in contemporary sheep-backed green boards, vellum tips, flat spine ruled in gilt with gilt-lettered green morocco label; some wear, but still a very attractive copy.

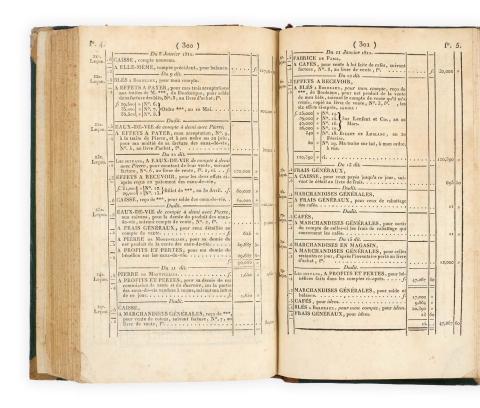
Scarce first edition of this introduction to bookkeeping for laypeople, addressed by the author to the young who are destined for trade, businessmen and merchants, artisans and manufacturers, and anyone else who fell under the Napoleonic Code de Commerce of 1807, which required businesses to keep up-to-date accounts.

Legret states in his preface that, just as a lawyer needs to study law, and a physician medicine, so should the businessman be educated in running a business, but there are no schools or colleges to teach such skills; this is an attempt to fill that gap. Divided into thirty lessons, Legret's book discusses both the theory and practice of bookkeeping, with every piece of terminology explained, in a way, Legret claims, entirely unknown in other works on the subject. The reader is guided by a catechism of questions and answers, and a dialogue between teacher and student: 'by this means, the reader can put himself in the place of the student, and become the interlocutor who seeks to instruct himself' (trans.). The final part of the book is occupied by a series of sixty-odd examples, to guide the reader through various possible scenarios.

Although now rare, the work obviously met with some success: we know of at least three editions in the same year, and further editions appeared in 1824 and 1837.

Outside France, OCLC records just one copy, at Columbia.









### SKILLFUL SKETCHES

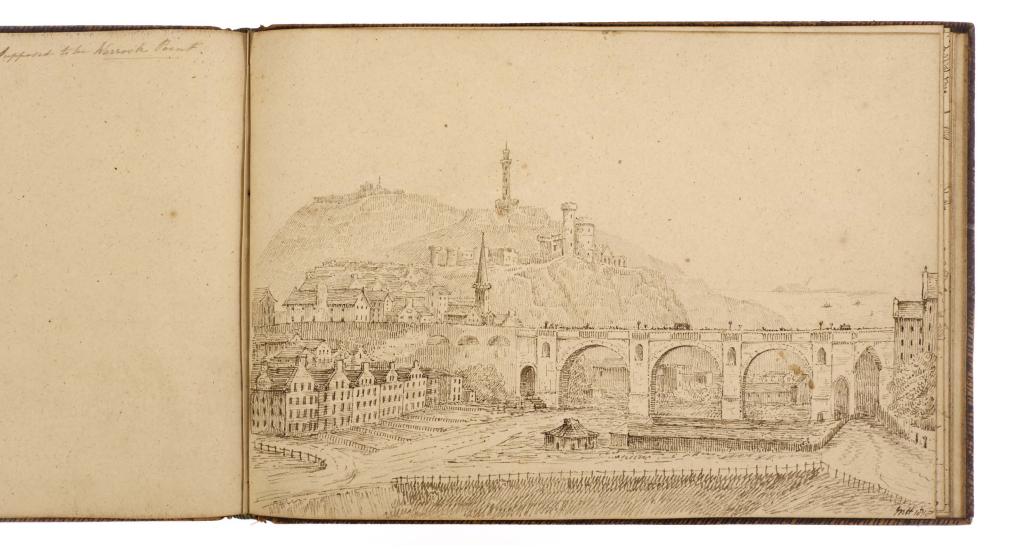
19. 'M.H.' Sketches of views in Germany, Italy, Crimea, England, and Scotland. 1817–1818.

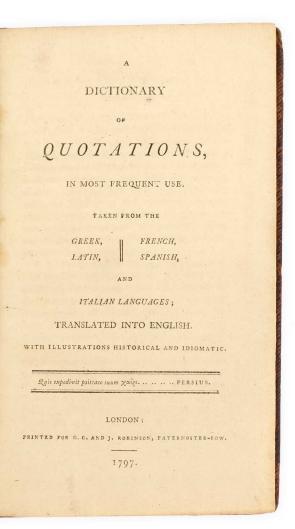
Oblong album (c. 170 x 250 mm), 30 leaves (watermarked 'Allnutt' and 'Pine Smith') with 27 pen and ink sketches signed 'M.H.' to rectos, captions in ink to corners of facing blank versos; a few leaves evidently excised, some very slight spotting; very well preserved in contemporary diced calf, borders roll-tooled in gilt and blind to covers, flat spine in compartments; some wear to extremities and marks to covers.

### An album of accomplished landscape sketches by an unidentified artist, 'M.H.', dating from the early nineteenth century.

The artist was perhaps a native of Shropshire: several Shropshire churches are depicted (at Hodnet and Moreton Say, for example) as well as an old oak tree at Broughton. It is unclear whether our artist visited all the places depicted. Some captions imply that the sketches were copied from models as part of their artistic training: lovely views of various villages and castles on the Rhine (including Gutenfels, Kamp-Bornhofen, Maus Castle at Wellmich, and Fürstenberg Castle) are 'from Mr Stanley's'; a vista of Florence across the Arno is 'from W. Wrightson's sketch'; a view of Inkerman in the Crimea is 'from Regds'; and several of the Scottish sketches are 'from Mrs Parker's'. These may, alternatively, have been M.H.'s travelling companions, whose sketches, captured *in situ*, s/he neatly copied into this album.

Whatever the exact circumstances of composition, there are many fine views. The Italian sketches include the Ponte d'Augusto at Narni; Florence seen from the Boboli gardens; Lucano bridge beside the tomb of the Plautii; Savona and Ventimiglia on the Italian Riviera; and the Temple of Vesta at Tivoli. In Scotland we have views of the rivers Dee and Tay; the hills of Bennachie; the cliff-top castle at Aboyne; the cliffs near Drumtochty; and boats off the Isle of Bute. There is also a fine view of Edinburgh, showing the old North Bridge with Calton Hill in the background.





### FIRST DICTIONARY OF QUOTATIONS

**20. [MACDONNEL, David Evans.]** A Dictionary of Quotations, in most frequent use. Taken from the Greek, Latin, French, Spanish, and Italian Languages; translated into English. With Illustrations historical and idiomatic ... *London, G. G. and J. Robinson, 1797.* 

8vo, pp. v, [119], clean tear to F8 mended without loss; a very good copy in contemporary polished calf, rebacked; cloth box. **£650** 

First edition, rare, of the first English dictionary of quotations, drawn principally from Latin authors, with some quotations from living languages (mainly French) and some phrases from the law.

The dictionary was compiled over some years by 'look[ing] into every publication political or miscellaneous' and extracting 'the Quotations which are most popular, or ... the Phrases most necessary to be understood'. Each quotation, in the original language, is followed by its source, a translation, and an explanation of its bearing or application. For example:

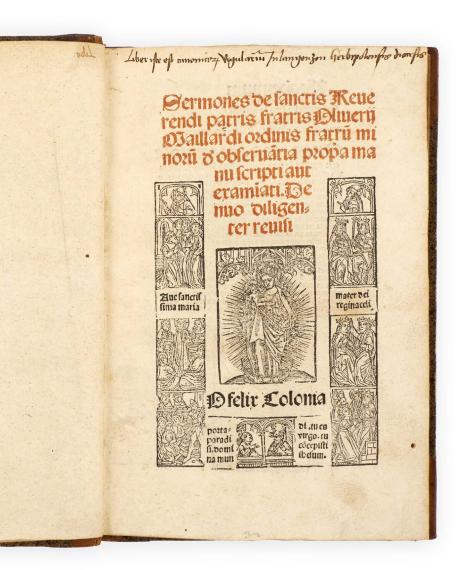
Homo sum & humani a me nil alienum puto. — Lat. Terence. — "I am a man, and nothing which relates to man can be foreign to my bosom." — This is the strong phrase of a philanthropist, which, it is to be feared, is less frequently felt than it is quoted.

The book clearly proved useful, and there were reprints well into the nineteenth century.

ESTCT135124 (listing copies at BL, Bodley, Indiana, Chicago, and Illinois); Alston III, 755 adds Harvard and Yale.

# A DICTIONARY OF QUOTATIONS, &c. &c.

- AB also expectes, alteri quod feceris. Lat. La-BERIUS.—"You may expect from another person, that which you have done to another."— Your conduct to others shall form the measure of your own expectations.
- Ab inconvenienti. Lat. Phrase.—" From the inconvenience."—Argumentum ab inconvenienti—An argument to shew that the result of a proposed measure will prove inconvenient or unsuited to circumstances.
- Ab initio. Lat. Phrase.—" From the beginning."
  His proceedings were ill-founded ab initio.
- A bon chien il ne vient jamais un bon os. French Proverb.—" A good bone does not always come to a good dog."—Merit does not always meet its due reward.
- Ab ovo jusque ad mala. Lat. Phrase.—" From the eggs to the apples."—From the beginning to the end of the entertainment. These were the first and last articles served up at a Roman feast.
- Ab urbe condita. Lat.—" From the building of the city."—In general thus abridged, A. U. C. in the chronology of the Romans.
- Absentem lædit cum ebrio qui litigat. Lat. Syrus.—
  "He hurts the absent who quarrels with a drunken man."—You should consider your adversary as absent when his senses are departed.
- A causa persa parole assai. Ital. Prov.—" When the cause is lost there is enough of words."—Do not discuss that which is already decided.
- Actus Dei nemini facit injuriam. Law Max.-"No one shall be injured through the act of God."



#### CELEBRATED SERMONISER

**21. MAILLARD, Olivier.** Sermones de sanctis reverendi patris fratris Oliverii Maillardi ordinis fratru[m] minoru[m] de observa[n]tia prop[ri]a manu scripti aut exami[n]ati. Denuo diligenter revisi. *Cologne, Cornelius von Zierickzee, 30 October 1507*.

4to, ff. [1], lxviii, [1]; title in red, devotional woodcuts to title, title verso, and last page, text in two columns; small marginal wormhole to first few quires, occasional light marks, some staining to last page; a very good copy in nineteenth-century half calf, speckled paper boards, remains of gilt-lettered spine label; some wear to extremities and abrasions to covers; contemporary inscription at head of title 'Liber iste est canonicor[um] regularu[m] in Langenzen Herbipolensis diocesis', contemporary annotations to ff. xiiii', lxvi', and lxvii', old oval stamp 'Ex bibliotheca Acad. Georgiae Augustae' (i.e. University of Göttingen) and deaccession stamp dated 1955 to title verso (touching woodcut, some offsetting to facing page), modern bookplate of J. Hönscheid to front pastedown, typescript bookseller's description in German to rear pastedown.

Very rare edition of a collection of sermons by the celebrated Breton preacher and Franciscan Olivier Maillard (c. 1430–1502), illustrated with devotional woodcuts. The text collects thirty-one sermons delivered by Maillard on various feast days throughout the liturgical year, beginning with St Andrew's (30 November) and running through to All Saints' (1 November).

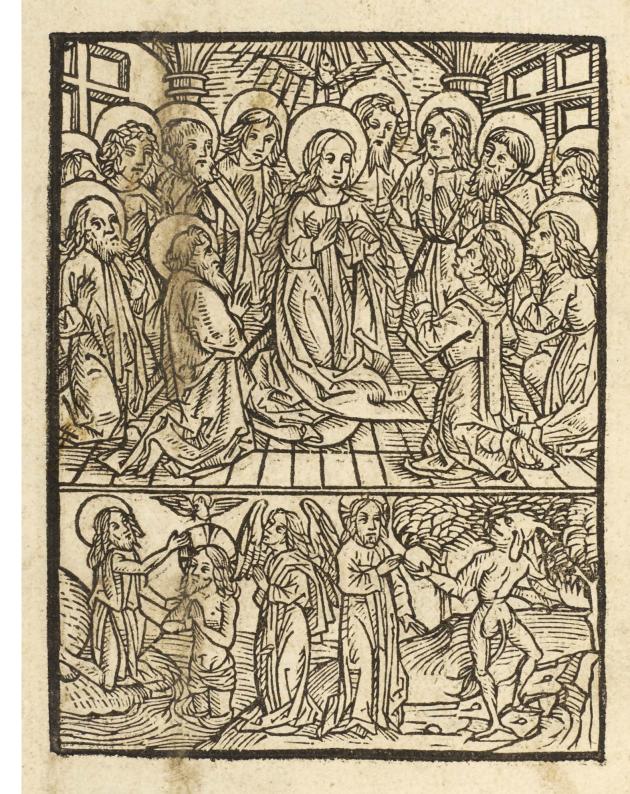
Maillard 'is specially celebrated as a forceful, popular preacher, who preached inspiriting and profitable Lenten sermons in both churches and public places. His manner and style were indeed often rather bluntly plebeian, but by no means so rough as the later classicists have proclaimed them to be. Of a fearless nature, he did not abstain from well-merited attacks upon the abuses of his time, and upon the crimes of those in high places (e.g. the cruelties of Louis XI) ... Of his works, nearly all of which are sermons, there is no complete collection; they appeared in detached fashion, many in various editions and in both French and Latin' (*Catholic Encyclopedia*). Several incunable editions appeared in Paris and Lyon.

The title-page here is illustrated with a central woodcut of the Virgin and Child (repeated on the title verso), while the surrounding woodcut border incorporates scenes of a praying friar, Christ and Moses, the burning of heretics, and kings and queens. The handsome woodcut to the final page depicts the Pentecost (Mary, the Apostles, and Pentecostal dove), with scenes of Christ's Baptism and Temptation below.

Provenance: the Augustinian Canons of the medieval monastery at Langenzenn in Bavaria, Germany, not far from Nuremberg. The annotations, no doubt by one of the Canons, show an interest in St John's relationship with Christ and the feast of All Saints'.

No copies of this edition traced in the US, and only one in the UK (Ushaw College). A variant exists with 'prop[ri]o' in the title, a copy of which is at the British Library.

USTC 693702; VD16 M 244.



### **ELZEVIR OVID**

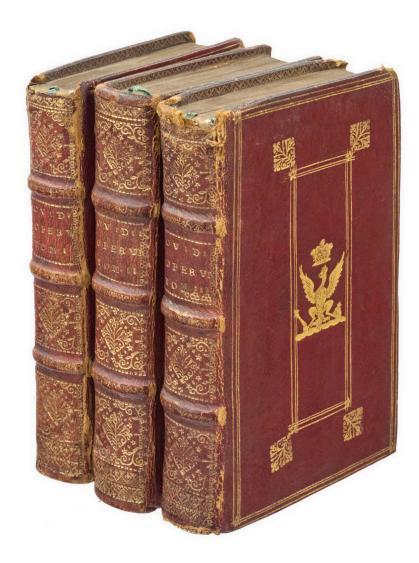
**22. OVID.** P. Ovidii Nasonis operum ... *Leiden,* [Bonaventure & Abraham] Elzevir, 1629.

Three vols, 12mo, pp. [xxiv], 344; [16], 444, [6, blank]; [12], 420; woodcut 'Solitaire' device to title-pages, woodcut initials; slightly toned but a good copy in early eighteenth-century panelled red morocco gilt, covers later stamped with the crest of James Harris, first Earl of Malmesbury (BAB stamp 5), joints rubbed, headcaps chipped; front endpapers of vol. I with some pencil quotations from Ovid dated 4 August 1722.

### First Elzevir edition, newly edited by Daniel Heinsius based on the Plantin edition of 1578.

Provenance: from the library of the Earl of Malmesbury (1746–1820), the leading British diplomatist of the late eighteenth century. Though untroubled by serious scholarly achievement at Merton College, this changed when he left Oxford in 1765 and quite deliberately began to prepare himself for a career in diplomacy. His first stop was a year in Leiden, where he taught himself Dutch, followed by a grand tour finishing with a posting in Spain that kicked off his career.

Brunet IV, col. 272; Rahir 288; Willems 317.





### CONTEMPORARY MOROCCO WITH ONLAYS

**23. [PSALMS.]** The whole Booke of Psalmes, collected into English Meter by Tho. Sternhold, Jo. Hopkins, W. Whittingaam [sic], and others ... with apt Notes to sing them withall ... London, printed by T. C[otes] for the Company of Stationers, 1637.

24mo, pp. 330, [6 (table)]; title-page with a border of printer's tools; a very good copy, ruled in red throughout, in handsome contemporary black morocco, with onlays in tan morocco (large diamond centrepiece and cornerpieces, central quatrefoil, all gilt with small floriate tools), gilt edges; marbled endpapers inserted at a later date; bookplate of the Oliver Collection, Royal Holloway and Bedford New College Library.

A very attractive pocket psalm book with printed music, ruled in red throughout and in a handsome binding. Such diminutive psalm books began to appear at the end of the sixteenth-century, printed for the Company of Stationers, who had the monopoly. The printer here was Thomas Cotes, most famous as printer of the Second Folio of Shakespeare in 1632, who became a Master of the Company in this year.

ESTC records three copies only, at Harvard, Yale, and Trinity College Melbourne.

STC 2672.7.





### A RENAISSANCE LIBRARY PONTEVICO-BALDI-PURGOTTI

**24. [PONTEVICO, Sylvio.]** Collection of seven works by classical, late-antique, and Renaissance authors formerly belonging to Sylvio Pontevico. *Lyons*, *Sébastien Gryphe and Jean de Tournes*, *1547–1553*.

Together seven works in six vols, 16mo; similarly bound in contemporary French morocco, boards filleted and tooled in blind and gilt, edges gilt and gauffered; four vols neatly rebacked to style or otherwise skilfully restored; with the ink ownership inscriptions of Sylvio Pontevico dated 1564 to all but two front endpapers (in two vols deleted in ink) and his acquisition note 'di moneta di Genoua' to all but one rear pastedown, ink inscriptions of Bernardino Baldi dated 1587 to front endpapers of 4 vols (similarly deleted), nineteenth-century ink ownership inscriptions of Sebastiano Purgotti. **£5000** 

An exceptional collection of seven literary and historical works owned by the sixteenth-century poet Sylvio Pontevico (Silvius Pontevicus) and soon after in the possession of Copernicus's biographer, Bernardino Baldi, most likely forming part of a travelling library.

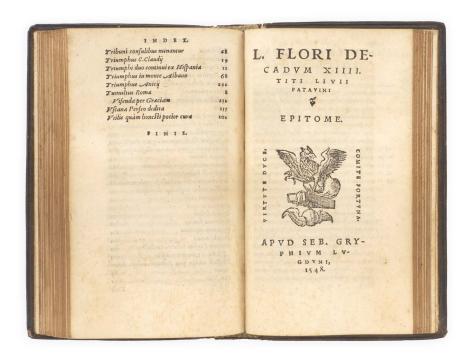
Despite their French printing, the milieu in which these books were first perused was the wonderfully creative Gonzaga court at Mantua. Pontevico engaged in poetry there as a member of the Accademia degli Invaghiti, enjoying the satisfaction of seeing his verse chosen for the prestigious anthology published by Ruscelli in Venice – a distinction which continued

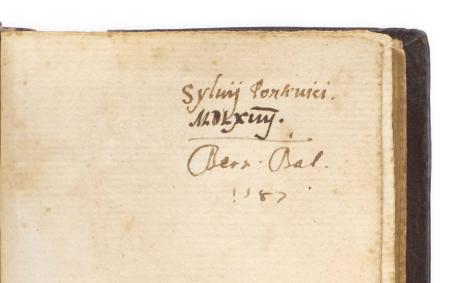
for almost two centuries through several Italian verse *florilegia*. His library and his passion for collecting manuscripts and books were to intrigue intellectuals for a whole century: in 1637, Nicolas-Claude Fabri de Peiresc, who had treasured a list of Pontevico's books for decades, wrote to Galileo asking whether he knew anything about the Pontevico library, being 'exceedingly curious to discover rare books and manuscripts' (*trans.* see Galileo, *Opere* XVII (Florence, 1966), letter 3437).

By 1587 the books had changed hands and were in the possession of another member of the Gonzaga court who had shared literary platforms with Pontevico, the prolific writer and prominent theologian, mathematician, geographer, antiquary, historian, and poet Bernardino Baldi (1533–1617). Baldi served as tutor to Ferrante Gonzaga, from whom he received the rich abbey of Guastalla, where he remained as abbot for twenty-five years before returning to his native Urbino and serving as the Duke's envoy to Venice. For more than twelve years he worked on the biographies of more than two hundred mathematicians, becoming the first to write a biography of Copernicus in 1588. His manuscripts were edited and published posthumously, and his life of Copernicus enjoyed a renaissance in interest when, in the 1970s, a scholar hypothesised Baldi's access to direct information not known to Rheticus; this thesis has been since strongly contested (see Biliński, La vita di Copernico di Bernardino Baldi dell'anno 1588 alla luce dei ritrovati manoscritti delle Vite de matematici (Turin, 1973)).

The volumes were later owned by the Italian chemist, mathematician, and philosopher Sebastiano Purgotti (1799–1879).







The collection comprises:

**CATULLUS, TIBULLUS, and PROPERTIUS.** [Opera:] His accesserunt Corn. Galli fragmenta. *Lyons, Sébastien Gryphe, 1548*.

I6mo, pp. 336; woodcut Gryphe device to title; some light foxing; contemporary French olive morocco, minor restorations to spine, lacking free endpapers; occasional marginalia likely in Pontevico's hand, inviting comparisons with other authors, including one mention of Ficino. Baudrier VIII, 220; USTC 149939.

**CURTIUS RUFUS, Quintus.** De rebus gestis Alexandri Magni Macedonum regis historia, aucta nunc ac locupletata. *Lyons, Sébastien Gryphe, 1548.* 

16mo, pp. 436, [28]; woodcut Gryphe device to title; some light foxing; contemporary French brown morocco, neatly rebacked; one or two small marginalia, some marginal ink marks. Baudrier VIII, 227; USTC 122979.

**JUSTINUS, Marcus Junianius.** Ex Trogi Pompeii historiis externis libri XXXXIIII. De vita et moribus Romanorum Imperatorum epitome. *Lyons, Sébastien Gryphe, 1548*.

16mo, pp. 418, [46]; woodcut Gryphe device to title; first quire somewhat soiled and faded, some light foxing and spotting; contemporary brown morocco relaid over sympathetic calf; a few marginalia likely in Pontevico's hand, some ink marks in the margins. Baudrier VIII, 223; USTC 150026.

LIVY. Decadis quintae libri quinque. Lyons, Sébastien Gryphe, 1548.

[bound with:]

**FLORUS, Lucius.** Decadum XIIII Titi Livii Patavini epitome. Lyons, Sébastien Gryphe, 1548.

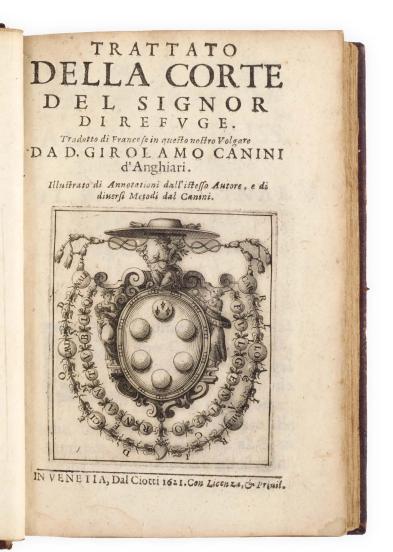
Two works in one vol., 16mo, pp, 296, [8]; 118, [2, blank]; woodcut Gryphe device to titles; some light foxing and spotting; contemporary olive morocco; occasional marginalia likely in Pontevico's hand. I: USTC 157783. II: Baudrier VIII. 228: USTC 150000.

**VIDA, Marco Girolamo.** Opera quorum catalogum sequens pagella continent. *Lyons, Sébastien Gryphe, 1547.* 

16mo, pp. 359, [1], without the last two blanks; woodcut Gryphe device to title; lower margin of title-page excised, some light foxing and spotting; contemporary brown morocco, neatly rebacked. USTC 149844.

**JUVENCUS, Gaius Vettius Aquilinus.** Sacra poesis. Summa cura et diligentia recognita et collata. *Lyons, Jean de Tournes, 1553*.

16mo, pp. 316, [4, including blanks]; woodcut device on title; some light foxing and spotting; contemporary brown morocco, neatly rebacked. USTC 151380.



#### HOW TO HANDLEYOUR PRINCE

**25. REFUGE, Eustace de; Girolamo CANINI,** *translator.* Trattato della corte del Signor di Refuge. Tradotto di Francese in questo nostro volgare ... Illustrato di Annotationi dall'istesso Autore, e di diversi Metodi dal Canini. *Venice, Giovanni Battista Ciotti.* 1621.

8vo, pp. [lii], [4, blank], 29, [3, blank], 360, [5], [3, blank], 4 folding letterpress tables bound within final quire (see below); engraved arms of Cardinal Carlo de' Medici to title-page, woodcut printer's device to second title-page, woodcut initials, typographic headpieces; occasional light foxing, show-through from engraved device to verso of title-page, a good copy; bound in contemporary burgundy morocco over pasteboard, single gilt fillet border with small round floral stamps in corners, spine gilt in compartments with raised bands, lettered directly in gilt 'CORT DEL RE FUGIO' along spine, the same floral stamp at foot; small wormholes to spine, extremities slightly rubbed, hinge broken; bookplate of Giuseppe Lando Passerini to inside front cover (see below), old inventory number '24' and later pencil shelfmarks to flyleaf.

First edition in Italian, rare, of this treatise on courtly behaviour attributed to the French statesman Eustache de Refuge (1564–1617), a seventeenth-century bestseller combining Machiavelli with Castiglione, with folding letterpress flowcharts by the translator, Giuseppe Canini, who had also produced the first complete Italian translation of Montaigne's Essais.

Refuge served in the Parlement of Paris and was ambassador to the Swiss Cantons and to the Low Countries. This treatise first appeared in an anonymous edition in 1616, and was quickly translated into other European languages; an English translation appeared in 1622. Refuge's sources included other tracts on statesmanship and courtly behaviour, including Tacitus, Seneca, Guicciardini, and the cynical Lorenzo Ducci.

The four letterpress tables at the end contain an unusual flowchart-style summary of the contents of the work with a focus on the characteristics of the courtier, composed by the translator – whose nephew, Santi Carrocci, authored the dedication to Cardinal Carlo de' Medici – and corrected 'con publica autorità' by Cosmo Lapini. These are followed by a more condensed breakdown of the work as a whole, and similar summaries of Castiglione's *Cortegiano* and the lesser-known *Discorsi* of Pellegro Grimaldi (Genoa, 1543). Proficient in French, Spanish, German, Czech, Hungarian, Greek, Latin, Hebrew, Syriac, and Arabic, Canini (1551–1631) was a doctor of theology and translated into Italian, as well as Montaigne's *Essais* (published posthumously in 1633–4), the works of Tacitus and Pierre Matthieu.

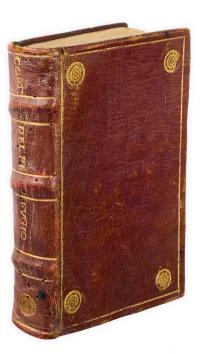
Canini's useful diagrams appear to be something of a hallmark, and likewise feature in his own *Sommaria historia della elettione*, e coronatione del rè de' romani (Venice, 1612) and Cornelio Frangipane's *Del parlar senatorio*, which he edited (Venice, 1619, with folding tables as here).

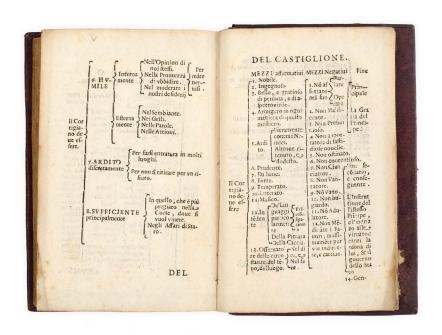
This is variant B, according to ICCU, containing the four folding leaves and the additional Annotations at the start of the work. Copies are also recorded with the title printed in red and black.

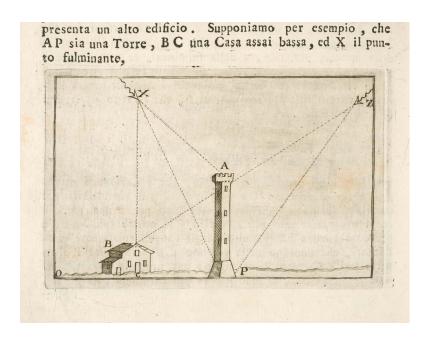
Provenance: Giuseppe Lando Passerini (1858–1932), Dante scholar and librarian at the Biblioteca Medicea-Laurenziana in Florence from 1896 until his death.

OCLC finds two copies in the US (Berkeley, USC), and one in the UK (BL).

USTC 400667; not in BM STC Italian.











#### **BELLRINGERS BEWARE**

**26. [RICCI, Pellegrino.]** Dissertazione sul costume di suonar le campane in occasione di temporali ... *Faenza, Lodovico Genestri, 1787.* 

4to, pp. 31, [1, blank)]; with woodcut vignette on title, and woodcut head-piece and initial; with single engraved illustration on page 12; some spotting and foxing in places, but still crisp; in contemporary marbled calf, covers with gilt borders, spine gilt; some light wear, but still an attractive copy, with the book-label of Giannalisa Feltrinelli on front paste-down.

An attractive copy of this rare dissertation in which the author, a Minorite friar, attempts to demonstrate scientifically that the popular practice of ringing church bells during storms in the attempt to dissipate storm clouds and minimise the danger from lightning in fact had no effect.

Ricci explains the nature of lightning, the thinking behind the practice, and, citing examples from both France and Italy, shows how church belltowers have fallen victim to lightning despite the best efforts of their bellringers. Citing the likes of Volta and Landriani, Ricci argues against moral and physical objections that the practice is more dangerous than useful; the only thing bells are good for, in the case of a storm, is to warn the people of the impending danger.

Only one copy traced in the UK (Bodleian) and one in the US (Illinois).

### LYRICAL TALES,

BY

MRS. MARY ROBINSON.



#### LONDON:

PRINTED FOR T. N. LONGMAN AND O. REES, PATERNOSTER-RUW,
BY BIGGS AND CO. BRISTOLA

1800.

#### POEMS BY A LEADING SHAKESPEAREAN ACTRESS

27. ROBINSON, Mrs Mary (Darby). Lyrical Tales ... London, T. N. Longman and O. Rees, 1800.

Small 8vo, pp. [4], 218, [2, advertisement leaf]; a portrait is found in some copies, but is not required and was never present here; a few spots and stains but a very good copy, in handsome contemporary green straight-grain morocco, spine gilt to a lattice design, red morocco label, gilt edges, marbled endpapers (trace of old bookplate removed).

First edition, a revisionary response to Lyrical Ballads (1798) by the actress turned royal mistress turned author, Mary 'Perdita' Robinson, published only eight days before her death.

When Mary Robinson, the 'English Sappho', published her *Lyrical Tales* in December 1800, she was at the end of a long career and far more famous than Wordsworth or Coleridge – a product of her *demimondaine* reputation and her best-selling, and often strongly feminist, fiction. Since 1797 she had been in contact with Coleridge, a fellow writer on the *Morning Post*, and had come to feel increasingly drawn to the Lake Poets, both politically and aesthetically. The title of her *Lyrical Tales* clearly alludes to *Lyrical Ballads*, and also to Southey, whose own 'lyrical tales' have a visible influence. The opening poem, 'All Alone', is particularly notable, a reinterpretation of 'We are Seven' and 'The Thorn'.

Robinson had been the leading Shakespearean actress of her day, and (briefly) mistress of the Prince of Wales, before a miscarriage left her crippled and she took to laudanum and literature. 'A singularly brave writer' (Jonathan Wordsworth), she became a close friend of Mary Wollstonecraft, and Coleridge was a fervent admirer. When he heard of Robinson's final illness he was so upset that he consulted Humphry Davy about her condition and sent suggestions for medication, together with an early draft of 'Kubla Khan' and a poem to her entitled 'A Stranger Minstrel' (Wise, II, 69). Her response, 'Mrs. Robinson to the poet Colridge' [sic], published in volume IV of her posthumous Memoirs, 1801, contained the first extracts of 'Kubla Khan' to appear in print. Her early death at forty-three deprived English Romanticism of what may have become a major voice.

As Lyrical Tales were preparing for press, so was the expanded second edition of Lyrical Ballads, also printed for Longman by Biggs in Bristol. Wordsworth was concerned by the similarity of title and wanted to rename the volumes Poems; in the event the Lyrical Ballads were not published until late January 1801 despite the date on the title-page. Robinson's reputation was useful to the Lake Poets, a fact of which Longman was well aware: the advertisements at the end of Lyrical Tales list Southey's Poems, the two-volume Annual Anthology (Coleridge had requested Robinson's inclusion), the as-yet unpublished second edition of Lyrical Ballads, Coleridge's Poems 1797, etc.

Jackson, Romantic poetry by women, p. 278; Johnson, Provincial poetry, 770. See Ashley J. Cross, 'From Lyrical Ballads to Lyrical Tales: Mary Robinson's Reputation and the Problem of Literary Debt', Studies in Romanticism 40:4 (2001); Jonathan Wordsworth, Ancestral Voices: Fifty books from the Romantic Period (1991).

### AROUND THE WORLD IN TWENTY-FOUR HAND-COLOURED PLATES

**28. SAINT AULAIRE, Achille.** Voyage autour du monde par St. Aulaire. [Clichy, Maurice Loignon for] Paris, Arnauld de Vresse, [c. 1864].

4to, pp. 54, [2, table of contents], with hand-coloured lithographic title and 24 hand-coloured lithographic plates by Roche; some woodcut vignettes within text; closed marginal tear to pp. 41–42 and to blank leaf facing Japan plate (without loss), some foxing particularly at end, blue ink stain to blank leaf facing title (no offsetting); overall very good in brown morocco-backed boards, pebble-grained brown cloth sides with blind-blocked panels, spine gilt in compartments and lettered directly in gilt, white watered silk endleaves; some wear to endcaps and corners, light staining to fore-edges of covers.

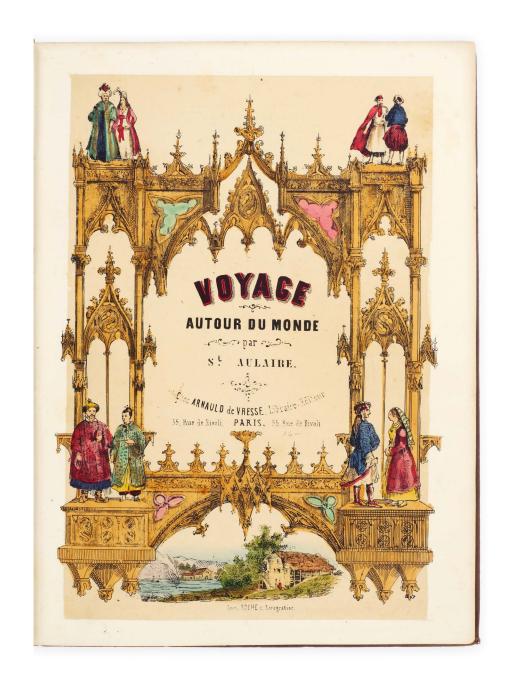
A hand-coloured copy of this scarce and charming juvenile guide to twenty-four countries across the globe. The plates are adapted from those first published in Paris by Aubert c. 1845 under the title Récréations instructives: voyage pittoresque à travers le monde (Gumuchian 5037).

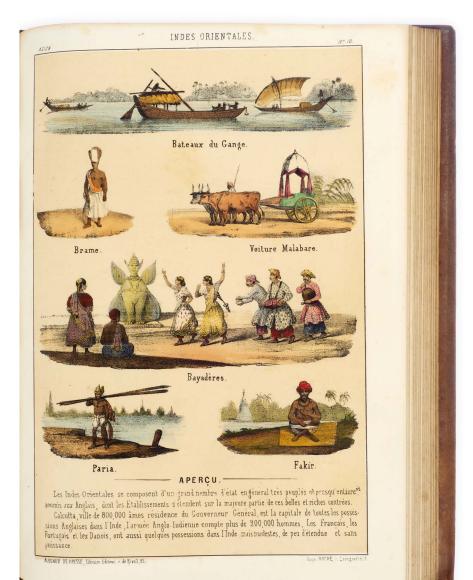
They are here brought up to date with information referencing events between 1862 and 1864, and are interleaved with fifty-six pages of accompanying letterpress text, not present in Aubert's edition.

Each plate comprises several scenes depicting local costumes, customs, and scenery, with a textual summary at the foot. The countries and regions covered are France, England, Russia, Spain, Italy, Greece, Persia, Barbary, Australia, the Canary Islands, India, Indonesia, West Africa, Argentina, Switzerland, Turkey, Brazil, the United States, China, Japan, Mexico, Peru, Egypt, and New Zealand. Among the charming details are a French château and thatched cottage juxtaposed, English boxers squaring off, the Tower of London, ancient Persian sculptures, Aboriginal Australian body art, Hindu dancers, the Turkish Sultan, a Mississippi steamer, a Mexican temple, an Egyptian minaret, and a New Zealand canoe.

A footnote to the US plate mentions the abolition of slavery in 1863, while the Italian plate refers to hostilities between France and Italy in 1864. The accompanying text summarises each country's population, geography, climate, industry and commerce, language and culture, government, religion, and national character, beginning, of course, with France: 'this beautiful land can rival the greatest nations of antiquity and modern times.'

No copies traced in the UK. OCLC records two copies only in the US (UCLA, Yale).





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#### - A PERCU

Les Etals Unis, ont 266,530 lieues carrées de superficie, est une population de 240,000 ames, le nombre des Etats, qui composent la confederation est de 24 lieues. Le sol de ces vastes contrées en grande parlie couvert de superhe Forêts, en général très-fertile, on y coltive avec succèt la plupatt des Plantes et céreales d'Europe, le Tabac, les Palates, et dans les Etats du Sud, le Riz, le Coton, l'Indige, ella Canne à Sucre LES ÉTATS-UNIS sont riches en minéraux, FRANMLIN, WASHINGTON & LAFAYETTE, sont les Fondateurs de la Inberté Américaine 1 En 1863, après une genre acharaés entre les ETATS DUSMO. l'esclavage fut abolie. MARIN 15 VARUSE, Libraire-Editoir, T. de Diven, 55.

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### INDIAN TRAVEL

**29. SULIVAN, Richard Joseph.** Philosophical Rhapsodies. Fragments of Akbur of Betlis. Containing Reflections on the Laws, Manners, Customs and Religions, of certain Asiatic, Afric, and European Nations. Collected and now first published ... In three Volumes ... London, printed for T. Becket ... Bookseller to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and their Royal Highnesses the Princes, 1784–5.

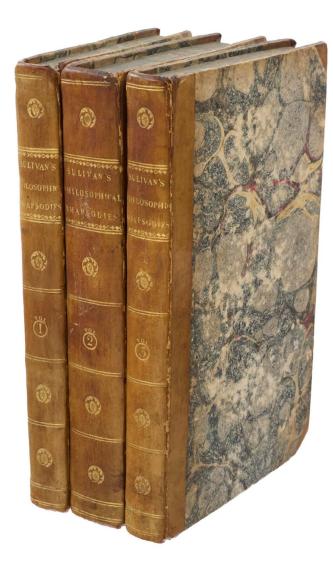
Three vols, 8vo, complete with half-titles and corrigenda leaves in each volume, quire X (index) in volume II complete but bound in wrong order; occasional foxing but a good copy in attractive contemporary half calf and marbled boards, slightly rubbed, spines with gilt device in compartments; from the library of John Gladstone, the Liverpool merchant and father of statesman W. E. Gladstone, with the Fasque bookplate in each volume.

First edition of this eccentric travel-inspired treatise drawing upon the author's experience in India and his travels in Europe.

The prefatory 'advertisement' establishes the fiction that 'the following fragments were written by a native of Assyria [Akbur], who ... was removed to the continent of Europe, and thence to England ... he then travelled; and in various countries threw together the reflections which appear in the following sheets'. Compartmentalised into 'fragments' rather than chapters, the work is generically indistinct, and offers a compilation of fiction, philosophy, history and travel to reflections on foreign lands, notably China, Japan, Tartary, Hindostan, Greece, and the Middle East. Sulivan cites widely in order to illustrate his points, emphasising Akbur's familiarity with Milton, Pope, Thomson, and Dryden, as well as law, the classical canon, and contemporary scholarship.

Like the narrator, Sulivan (1752–1806) had been dispatched from his own country as a young man, initially to India (likely under the influence of Laurence Sulivan then chairman of the East India Company and probably a relative).

ESTC T125368.





### **TASSO TETRAD**

**30. TASSO, Torquato.** Il rogo di Corinna, et la fenice ... Venice, Evangelista Deuch[ino], 1621.

[bound with:]

—. Il Rinaldo ... Di nuovo riveduto, & con diligenza corretto ... Venice, Evangelista Deuchino, 1621.

[and:]

—. L'Aminta favola boscareccia ... Di novo corretta, & di vaghe figure adornata. Venice, Evangelista Deuch[ino], 1622.

[and:]

—. Il re Torrismondo tragedia ... Nuovamente stampato, & ricoretto. Venice, Evangelista Deuchino, 1622.

Four works in one vol., 12mo, pp. Corinna: 35, [1, blank]; Rinaldo: [11], 12–261, [3]; Aminta: [7], 8–88; Torrismondo: 114; woodcut portrait of Tasso to each title, 9 in-text woodcut illustrations to Aminta; sporadic light foxing, short closed tear to K9 of Rinaldo not touching text; a handsome copy in contemporary French red morocco gilt to a panel design, edges gilt and gauffered; inscriptions to rear endpapers 'Maria Santissima ora pro nobis' and 'Gesu mio amor mio', the former dated 1765, eighteenth-century armorial drawing (Baelde?) to front pastedown; small restorations to corners and at head and foot of spine, clasps wanting.

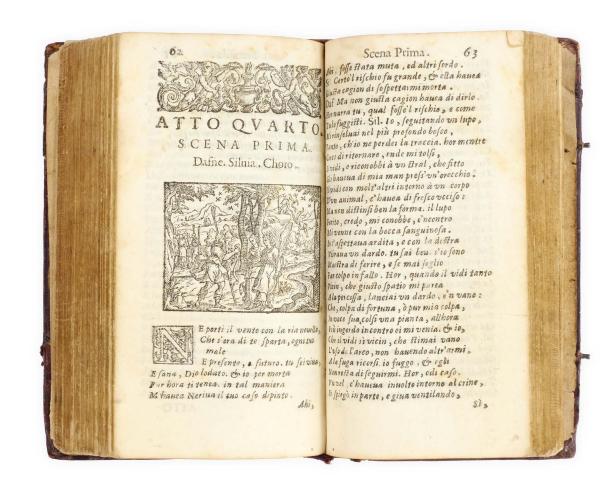
### A strikingly bound copy of Deuchino's editions of four pastoral plays and epic poems by Tasso.

In 1608, the Trevisan printer Evangelista Deuchino (fl. 1593–1631) formed a partnership with the Venetian bookseller Giovanni Battista Pulciani, with whom he published Tasso's *Rime* in six volumes in the same year. 'Alternating years of intense activity and years of crisis, but raising the quality of his work, Evangelista printed other Tasso editions (the *Aminta* and the *Prose* in '12, the *Rime* in two volumes in '20–'22, the *Rinaldo* in '21)' (*DBI, trans.*).

The works contained here, published between 1621 and 1622, could be obtained individually, and together comprised a third portion of Deuchino's edition of Tasso's Rime ... divise in amorose, boscherezze, maritime, imenei, heroiche, morali, lugubri, sacre e varie. Torquato's pastoral Aminta (1573) is here accompanied by Il rogo di Corinna (known also as Il rogo amoroso), Re Torrismondo (first published as Galteato re di Norvegia), and Rinaldo, a celebration 'of the beauty of the human body, a sensuality which is irrepressible and explosive or which retreats into languor, and of the splendid luxury of courtly feasts; but its freshness and force render it Tasso's finest work, save for Aminta and Gerusalemme liberata, whose motifs and movements it anticipates' (ibid.).

Rogo: not in USTC; OCLC finds three copies in the US (Duke, Harvard, Pennsylvania), and none in the UK; not in BM STC Italian. Rinaldo: USTC 4002240; we find three copies in the UK (BL, Edinburgh, V&A), two in the US (Harvard, Yale), and one in Ireland, at Maynooth; BM STC records the 1608 Deuchino only (p. 895). Aminta: USTC 4042182; not in Library Hub; BM STC Italian records the 1608 Deuchino edition only (p. 893). Torrismondo: USTC 4042179; Library Hub finds two copies in the UK (BL, Edinburgh); BM STC Italian, p. 895.

Solerti (1898), pp. 306–8.



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